



AGENDA

January 6, 2022

1. Call to Order.
2. Roll Call
3. Pledge of Allegiance
4. Resolution to appoint a Secretary.
5. Resolution to appoint Audit, Finance and Governance Committees.
6. Resolution adopting the By Laws.
7. Resolution adopting the Investment Policy.
8. Resolution adopting the Property Disposition Policy.
9. Resolution adopting the Procurement Policy and Procedures.
10. Resolution adopting the Personnel Policy
11. Resolution adopting the Policy regarding Public Comments at the Agency Board meetings.
12. Resolution adopting the Real Property Acquisition Policy.
13. Resolution adopting the Code of Ethics.
14. Resolution adopting the Whistleblower Protection Policy.
15. Resolution adopting the Disaster Recovery Plan.
16. Resolution adopting the Fee Policy
17. A resolution of the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency regarding the Agencies Affordable Housing Policy.
18. Accept the minutes from the IDA/IDC Board Meeting of December 15, 2021.
19. Chief Executive Officer's report

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20. Old Business

21. New Business

22. Adjournment

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: To appoint the following Officer:

Paulette Moses, Secretary

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has appointed Paulette Laborne, Secretary.

January 6, 2022
Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: To appoint the following Committees:

Audit Committee

Justin Belkin, Chair
William Bogardt
Marcus Duffin
Paulette Moses (alt.)

Finance Committee

Paulette Moses, Chair
William Bogardt
William Celona
Justin Belkin (alt.)

Governance Committee

Paulette Moses, Chair
Marcus Duffin
William Celona
Rosemarie Dearing (alt.)

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has appointed an Audit, Finance and Governance Committee.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's By Laws.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's By Laws.

BY LAWS
OF
TOWN OF BABYLON
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

ARTICLE I
THE AGENCY

Section 1. Name. The name of the Agency shall be "Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency."

Section 2. Seal of Agency. The Seal of the Agency shall be in the form of a circle and shall bear the name of the Agency and the year of its organization.

Section 3. Office of the Agency. The office of the Agency shall be at 47 West Main Street, Babylon, New York, but the agency may have other office at other such places as the Agency may from time to time designate by resolution.

ARTICLE II
OFFICERS

Section 1. Officers. The officers of the Agency shall be a Chairman, a Vice Chairman, a Secretary, a Chief Financial Officer, and a Chief Executive Officer. Any two or more offices, except the office of Chairman and Secretary may be held by the same person.

Section 2. Chairman. The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Agency. Except as otherwise authorized by resolution of the Agency, the Chairman has the authority to execute all agreements, contracts, deeds, and any other instruments of the Agency, at each meeting the Chairman shall submit such recommendations and information as Chairman may consider proper concerning the business, affairs and policies of the Agency.

Section 3. Vice Chairman. The Vice Chairman shall perform the duties of the Chairman in the absence of in capacity of the Chairman; and in case of the resignation or death of the Chairman, the Vice Chairman shall perform such duties as are imposed on the Chairman until such time as the Town Board shall appoint a new Chairman.

Section 4. Secretary. The Secretary shall keep the records of the Agency, shall act as secretary of the meetings of the Agency and record all votes, and shall keep a record of the proceedings of the Agency in a journal of proceedings to be kept for such purpose, and shall perform all duties incident to his office. The Secretary shall keep in safe custody the seal of the Agency and shall have power to affix such seal to all contracts and other instruments authorized to be executed by the Agency. The Secretary has the authority to execute all agreements, contracts, deeds, and any other instruments of the Agency

Section 6. Additional Duties. The officers of the Agency shall perform such other duties and functions as may from time to time be authorized by resolution of the Agency or be required by the Agency, by the By-Laws of the Agency, or by the rules and regulations of the Agency, or by the Laws of the State of New York.

Section 7. Appointment of Officers. All officers of the Agency except the first Chairman shall be appointed at the annual meeting of the Agency from among the members of the agency, and shall hold office for one year or until the successors are appointed.

Section 8. Vacancies. Should any office become vacant, the Agency shall appoint a successor from among its membership at the next regular meeting, and such appointment shall be for the unexpired term of said office.

Section 9. Chief Executive Officer. A Chief Executive Director shall be appointed by the Agency, and shall have general supervision over the administration of the business and affairs of the Agency, subject to the direction of the Agency. The Chief Executive Officer shall be charged with the management of all project of the Agency. The Chief Executive Officer has the authority to execute all agreements, contracts, deeds, and any other instruments of the Agency.

Section 10. Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall have the care and custody of all funds of the Agency and shall deposit the same in the name of the Agency in such bank or banks as the Agency may select. Except as otherwise authorized by resolution of the Agency, The Chief Financial Officer shall sign all instruments of indebtedness, all orders, and all checks for the payment of money; and shall pay out and disburse such moneys under the direction of the Agency. The Chief Financial Officer shall keep regular books of account of his transactions and also of the financial condition of the Agency. The Chief Financial Officer shall give such bond for the faithful performance of his duties as the Agency may determine. The Chief Financial Officer has the authority to execute all agreements, contracts, deeds, and any other instruments of the Agency.

Section 11. Additional Personnel. The Agency may from time to time employ such personnel and independent contractors as it deems necessary to exercise its powers, duties, and functions and prescribed by the New York State Industrial Development Agency Act, as amended, and all other laws of the State of New York applicable thereto. The selection and compensation of all personnel and independent contractors shall be determined by the Chief Executive Officer subject to the laws of the State of New York and notice to the board. The Chairman may call for a resolution, at the next scheduled regular or special meeting, if the Chairman deems it necessary. All employees of the Agency shall have benefits prescribed by the Agency's Personnel Policy. All independent contractors shall be subject to the Procurement Policy and any executed contract.

ARTICLE III MEETINGS

Section 1. Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the Agency shall be held on the as soon as possible, after the first Town Board meeting at the regular meeting place of the Agency.

Section 2. Regular Meetings. Regular meetings shall be set for the next entire year at the agency's last meeting in December.

Section 3. Special Meetings. The Chairman of the Agency may, when the Chairman deems it desirable, call a special meeting of the Agency for the purpose of transacting any business designated in the call. The call for a special meeting may be delivered to each member of the Agency or may be mailed to the business or home address of each member of the Agency at least two days prior to the date of such

special meeting. Waivers of notice may be signed by any members failing to receive proper notice. At such special meeting no business shall be considered other than as designated in the call, but if all of the members of the Agency are present at the special meeting, with or without notice thereof, any and all business may be transacted at such special meeting.

Section 4. Quorum. At all meetings of the Agency, a majority of the members of the Agency shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of transacting business; provided that a smaller number may meet and adjourn to some other time or until the quorum is obtained.

Section 5. Order of Business. At the regular meetings of the Agency, the following shall be the order of business:

1. Roll Call
2. Reading and approval of the minutes of the previous meeting.
3. The prepared agenda
4. New Business
5. Adjournment

All resolutions shall be writing and shall be copied or attached to a journal of the proceedings of the Agency.

Section 6. Manner of Voting. The voting on all questions coming before the Agency shall be by rising vote, and the yeas and nays shall be entered on the minutes of such meetings, except in the case of appointments when the vote may be by ballot.

ARTICLE IV AMENDMENTS

Section 1. Amendments to By-Laws. The by-laws of the Agency shall be amended only with the approval of at least a majority of all the members of the Agency at a regular or special meeting, but no such amendment shall be adopted unless at least seven days written notice there of has been previously given to all member of the Agency.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Investment Policy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Investment Policy.

TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Investment Policy

This Investment Policy of the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") shall apply to all operating funds, bond proceeds and other funds and all investment transactions involving operating funds, bond proceeds and other funds accounted for in the financial statements of the Agency. Each investment made pursuant to this Investment Policy must be authorized by applicable law and this written Investment Policy. This Investment Policy is intended to comply with the General Municipal Law, the Public Authorities Law, and any other applicable laws of New York State.

Delegation of Authority

The responsibility for conducting investment transactions involving the Agency resides with the Deputy Executive Director/Chief Financial Officer of the Agency under the direction and oversight of the Treasurer of the Agency. Only the Deputy Executive Director/Chief Financial Officer and those authorized by resolution or the Agency's By-laws may invest public funds.

All contracts or agreements with outside persons investing public funds, advising on the investment of public funds, directing the deposit of public funds or acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Agency, shall require the outside person to notify the Agency, in writing, within thirty (30) days of receipt of all communication from its' auditor of the outside person or any regulatory authority, of the existence of material weakness in the internal control structure of the outside person or regulatory orders or sanctions regarding the type of services being provided to the Agency by the outside person.

The records of investment transaction made by or on behalf of the Agency are public records and are the property of the Agency whether in the custody of the Agency or in the custody of a fiduciary or other third party.

The Deputy Executive Director/Chief Financial Officer of the Agency under the direction and oversight of the Treasurer shall establish a written system of internal controls and investment practices. The controls shall be designed to prevent losses of public funds, to document those officers and employees of the Agency responsible for elements of the investment process and to address the capability of investment management. The controls shall provide for receipt and review of the

audited financial statements and related reports on internal control structure of all outside persons performing any of the following for the Agency:

- (i) investing public funds of the Agency;
- (ii) advising on the investment of public funds of the Agency;
- (iii) directing the deposit or investment of public funds of the Agency; or
- (iv) acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Agency.

A bank, savings and loan association or credit union providing only depository services shall not be required to provide an audited financial statement and related report on its' internal control structure.

Objectives

The primary objectives, in order of priority, of all investment activities involving the financial assets of the Agency shall be the following:

- (i) Safety: Safety and preservation of principal in the overall portfolio is the foremost investment objective;
- (ii) Liquidity: Maintaining the necessary liquidity to match expected liabilities and expenses is the second investment objective;
- (iii) Return: Obtaining a reasonable return is a third investment objective.

Operative Policy

The Agency shall conduct its' investment activities involving all operating funds, bond proceeds and other funds and all investment transactions involving operating funds, bond proceeds and other funds accounted for in the financial statements of the Agency in a manner that complies with the General Municipal Law and the Public Authorities Law of New York State.

Prior to making an investment of any operating funds, bond proceeds and other funds of the Agency, other than those associated with a bank, savings and loan association or credit union involving a depository relationship only, the Agency shall obtain at least three (3) bids and award the contract to the most responsible bidder whose bid most closely meets the objective of this Investment Policy.

The Deputy Executive Director/Chief Financial Officer, the Treasurer and all officers and employees of the Agency involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with the proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Nothing contained within this Policy, however, shall prohibit the Deputy Executive Director/Chief Financial Officer, the Treasurer, or any other officer or member of the Board, or employee of the Agency from obtaining interests in mutual funds which may include within its' investment portfolio, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the Agency; provided, however, that the Agency's bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness may not make up more than ten percent (10%) of the mutual fund's total portfolio and the Deputy Executive Director/Chief Financial Officer, the Treasurer, other officers or Board Members, or employees may not exercise any discretion with respect to the investments made by the mutual fund company.

The Deputy Executive Director/Chief Financial Officer shall submit to the Board an investment report that summarizes recent market conditions and investment strategies employed since the last investment report. The report shall set out the current portfolio in terms of maturity, rates of return and other features and summarize all investment transactions that have occurred during the reporting period and compare the investment results with budgetary expectations, if any.

This Investment Policy shall be reviewed and approved annually.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Property Disposition Policy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Property Disposition Policy.

TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Property Disposition Policy

In keeping with the policy of maintaining the highest standards of conduct and ethics and to operate in the most accountable and open manner, the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") will maintain adequate inventory controls and accountability systems for all Property (as such term is defined below) under its control. Furthermore, the Agency will Dispose (as such term is defined below) of Property in compliance with any applicable Law, Rule or Regulation (as such term is defined below). Failure to follow the provisions of this Property Disposition Policy will result in disciplinary action including possible termination of employment, dismissal from one's board or agent duties and possible civil or criminal prosecution if warranted.

Definitions

Contracting Officer shall mean the Deputy Executive Director/Chief Financial Officer of the Agency.

Dispose, Disposed or Disposal shall mean the transfer of title or any other beneficial interest in personal or real property in accordance with Section 2897 of the New York Public Authorities Law.

Law, Rule or Regulation: Any duly enacted statute, or ordinance or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to any federal, state or local statute or ordinance.

Property shall mean (a) personal property in excess of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) in value, (b) real property, and (c) any inchoate or other interest in such property, to the extent that such interest may be conveyed to another person for any purpose, excluding an interest securing a loan or other financial obligation of another party.

Operative Policy

Inventory Controls and Accountability Systems

The Contracting Officer of the Agency shall be responsible for the Agency's compliance with this Property Disposition Policy and the supervision and control of all Property Disposed of by the Agency. In addition, the Contracting Officer shall have the responsibility to insure the Agency operates in compliance with Title 5-A of the New York Public Authorities Law, including creating and maintaining adequate inventory controls and accountability systems for all Property under the control of the Agency and periodically inventorying such property to determine which, if any, property should be Disposed by the Agency. The Contracting Officer shall recommend to the Board any Property he or she deems suitable for Disposal.

Disposition of Property

Unless otherwise authorized by this Policy, the Agency shall Dispose of Property for not less than fair market value ("FMV") by sale, exchange, or transfer, for cash, credit, or other property, with or without warranty, and upon such terms and conditions as the Contracting Officer deems proper. Provided, however, that no disposition of real property, any interest in real property, or any other Property which because of its unique nature is not subject to fair market pricing shall be made unless an appraisal of the value of such Property has been made by an independent appraiser and included in the record of the transaction. Unless otherwise authorized by this Policy, prior to disposing of Property or entering into a contract for the Disposal of Property, the Agency shall publicly advertise for bids for such Disposal or contract for Disposal. The advertisement for bids shall be made at such time prior to the Disposal or contract for Disposal, through such methods, and on such terms and conditions as shall permit full and free competition consistent with the value and nature of the Property. Such advertisement shall include the date, time and place the bids will be publicly disclosed by the Agency. The Agency shall award the contract with reasonable promptness to the most responsible bidder whose bid, conforming to the invitation for bids, is most advantageous to New York State (the "State"), price and other factors considered; provided, however, that Agency reserves the right to reject all such bids when it is in the public interest to do so.

The Agency may Dispose of Property or enter into contracts for the disposal of Property via negotiation or public auction without regard to the two (2) paragraphs immediately above, but subject to obtaining such competition as is feasible under the circumstances, if:

- (i) the personal property involved is of a nature and quantity which, if Disposed of under the first two (2) paragraphs of this section, would adversely affect the state or local market for such Property, and the estimated FMV of such Property and other satisfactory terms of the Disposal can be obtained by negotiation;
- (ii) the FMV of the Property does not exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00);
- (iii) bid prices after advertising, therefore, are not reasonable, either as to all or some part of the Property, or have not been independently arrived at in open competition;
- (iv) the Disposal is to the State or any political subdivision of the State, or a not for profit and the estimated FMV of the Property and other satisfactory terms of the Disposal are obtained by negotiation;
- (v) the Disposal is for an amount less than the estimated FMV of the Property, the terms of such Disposal are obtained by public auction or negotiation, the Disposal of the Property is intended to further the public health, safety or welfare or an economic development interest of the State or a political subdivision of the State, including but not limited to, the prevention or remediation of a substantial threat to public health or safety, the creation or retention of a substantial number of job opportunities, or the creation or retention of a substantial source of revenues, and the purpose and terms of the Disposal are documented in writing and approved by resolution of the Board; or
- (vi) such Disposal or related action is otherwise authorized by law.

The Agency shall file an explanatory statement with the comptroller, the director of the division of budget, the commissioner of general services and the legislature not less than ninety (90) days before the Agency Disposes the Property if the Property is personal property in excess of \$15,000, or real property that has a fair

market value in excess of \$100,000. When the Property is Disposed by lease (or exchange), then the Agency shall file an explanatory statement when the Property is real property leased for a term of five (5) years or less with an estimated fair annual rent exceeding one-hundred thousand (\$100,000.00) in any given year, real property leased for a term greater than five (5) years with an estimated fair annual rent exceeding one-hundred thousand (\$100,000.00) dollars for the entire lease term; or any real property or real and related personal property Disposed of by exchange, regardless of value, or any property any part of the consideration for which is real property.

Reporting Requirements

Annual Report

The Agency shall publish, at least annually, an Annual Report (the "Annual Report") listing all Property consisting of real property of the Agency. In addition, the Annual Report shall include a list and full description of all Property consisting of real and personal property Disposed of during such period covered by the Annual Report. The Annual Report shall included the price received by the Agency for the Property, in addition to the name of the purchaser for all such Property sold by the Agency during such period covered by the Annual Report.

The Agency shall deliver copies of the Annual Report with the comptroller, the director of the division of budget, the commissioner of general services and to the extent practicable, post such Annual Report on its' website.

Property Disposition Policy

The Agency shall review and approve this Property Disposition Policy annually by resolution of the Board. On or before March 31 of each year, the Agency shall file with the Comptroller a copy of its' Property Disposition Policy, including the name of the Contracting Officer appointed by the Agency. Upon such filing with the comptroller, the Agency shall post its' Property Disposition Policy on its' website.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Procurement Policy and Procedures.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Procurement Policy and Procedures.

TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Statement of Procurement Policy and Procedures

The primary objectives of this Statement of Procurement Policy and Procedures (this "Policy") is to assure the prudent and economical use of the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") moneys, to facilitate the acquisition by the Agency of goods and services of maximum quality at the lowest possible cost under the circumstances, and to guard against favoritism, improvidence, extravagance, fraud and corruption.

In accordance with Section 2824 of the Public Authorities Law and Section 104-b of the New York State General Municipal Law ("GML"), the Agency is required to adopt procurement policies with respect to the procurement of goods and services paid for by the Agency for its own use and account. Procurements for the benefit of a third party and for which payment is made from funds provided by such third party or any other person or entity other than the Agency, shall not be subject to the requirements of this Policy.

If the Agency proposes to enter into a contract or agreement for goods or services and will receive funds for this contract or agreement under or through a contract between the Agency and The Town of Babylon (the "Town") the contract or agreement shall be procured in accordance with the procurement provisions required by the Town in the applicable contract between the Agency and the Town. If the Agency procures goods or services using funds that are provided under or through a contract between the Agency and the federal, state or county government, it shall use such procurement method as is required by the source of funds. If the source of funds does not specify a procurement method, the Agency shall use this Policy.

Procurement Process Oversight

The CEO shall oversee any procurement process undertaken on behalf of the Agency. The CEO shall be the Contracting Officer of the Agency and any reference herein to the CEO shall also be deemed to mean the Contracting Officer. He may from time to time appoint a designee in writing to serve as the contracting officer.

Procedures

The Agency shall, unless the members of the Agency adopt a resolution providing otherwise, adhere to the following procedures:

I. Pre-Procurement Determination

Prior to the commencement of any procurement, the CEO shall prepare a written statement setting forth the basis for (a) any determination that a competitive

process is not required for such procurement, or (2) any determination that such procurement is not subject to one (1) or more other requirements of this Policy.

The CEO shall advise the Board of the initiation of any procurement process by the CEO on behalf of the Agency and his or her intended method of procuring the required goods or services. The CEO shall keep the Board advised as to the status of each procurement process.

II. Competitive Procurement

A. Rule: Except as otherwise set forth in this Policy, a competitive process is required for the procurement of the following contracts:

(i) a "public work contract" involving an expenditure of more than \$200,000. A "public work contract" means a contract between the Agency and a contractor pursuant to which the contractor provides services (including construction services) or labor to the Agency for the Agency's own use or account.

(ii) a "purchase contract" involving an expenditure of more than \$100,000. A "purchase contract" means a contract between the Agency and a contractor pursuant to which the Agency acquires commodities, materials, supplies or equipment from a contractor.

B. Competitive Process: The competitive process to be utilized shall, unless the members of the Agency adopt a resolution providing otherwise, be overseen by the CEO and comply with the following:

(i) All solicitations and requests for proposals should be in writing and should incorporate a clear and accurate description of the technical requirements for the material, product, or service to be procured. Such description should not contain features which unduly restrict competition. The description may include a statement of the qualitative nature of the material, product or service to be procured, and when necessary, should set forth those minimum essential characteristics and standards to which it must conform if it is to satisfy its intended use. When it is impractical or uneconomical to make a clear and accurate description of the technical requirements, a brand name or equal description may be used as a means to define the performance or other salient requirements of a procurement. The specific features of the named brand which must be met by offerors should be clearly stated and should identify all requirements which the offerors must fulfill and all other factors to be used in evaluating bids or proposals.

(ii) Requests for bids/proposals should be publicly advertised by placing them on the Agency and/or the Town's website and/or by placing notice in either a newspaper of general circulation or a trade journal, if appropriate. The goal of this Policy is to seek the widest, cost-effective distribute of the request for bids/proposals.

(iii) Bids/proposals should be solicited from an adequate number of qualified sources.

(iv) The CEO should establish a method for conducting evaluations of the bids/proposals received and for selecting awardees for the procurement in accordance with this Policy.

C. Exceptions: Notwithstanding the provisions of Section II.A. above, a competitive process is not required:

(i) for certain purchases made through Suffolk County or other counties in New York State pursuant to Section 103(3) of the GML;

(ii) for certain purchase made through the State of New York pursuant to Section 104 of the GML;

(iii) for certain purchases made through the Town of Babylon or other Towns in New York State or Incorporated Villages within the Town of Babylon

(iv) for certain purchase made from agencies for the blind or severely handicapped pursuant to Section 175-b of the State Finance Law;

(v) for certain purchases of articles manufactured in correctional institutions pursuant to Section 186 of the Correction Law;

(vi) in the event of a public emergency arising out of an accident or other unforeseen occurrence or condition whereby circumstances affecting public buildings, public property or life, health, safety or property of some or all of the inhabitants of the Town require immediate action which cannot await a competitive procurement;

(vii) for the purchase of surplus and second-hand supplies, material or equipment, which may be purchased from the federal government, the State of New York or from any political subdivision, district or public benefit corporation of the State of New York;

(viii) where the members of the Agency adopt a resolution waiving the competitive process because such process is deemed impracticable under the circumstances; and

(ix) where there is only one possible source from which to procure the required good or service and it is determined by resolution of the members of the Agency that the required good or service has unique benefits, the cost is reasonable for the good or service and there is no competition reasonably available.

III. Non-Competitive Procurement for Purchase Contracts Under \$100,000

A. Purchase Contracts Valued at \$1,500 and Under. All purchase contracts valued at \$1,500 and under shall be awarded by the CEO using his/her judgment as to the most appropriate vendor, without further documentation.

B. Purchase Contracts Valued at over \$1,500 but Not Exceeding \$75,000. The CEO shall use reasonable efforts to obtain at least three (3) verbal bids or price quotations for such procurement. The CEO shall document, in reasonable detail, such efforts and the result.

C. Purchase Contracts Valued at over \$75,000 but Not Exceeding \$100,000. The CEO shall use reasonable efforts to obtain at least three (3) written/fax bids or price quotations for such procurement. The CEO shall document, in reasonable detail, such efforts and the result.

IV. Non-Competitive Procurement for Public Work Contracts Under \$200,000

A. Public Work Contracts Valued at \$30,000 and Under. All public work contracts valued at \$30,000 and under shall be awarded by the Agency's CEO using his/her judgment as to the most appropriate vendor, without further documentation.

B. Public Work Contracts Valued at over \$30,000 but Not Exceeding \$150,000. The CEO shall use reasonable efforts to obtain at least three (3) verbal bids or price quotations for such procurement. The CEO shall document, in reasonable detail, such efforts and the result.

C. Public Work Contracts Value at Over \$150,000 but Not Exceeding \$200,000. The CEO shall use reasonable efforts to obtain at least three (3) written/fax bids or price quotations for such procurement. The CEO shall document, in reasonable detail, such efforts and the result.

D. Exceptions.

(i) Professional Services. Contracts for professional services involving application of specialized expertise, the use of professional judgment and/or a high degree of creativity shall not be subject to the competitive process above. Professional services include services which require special education and/or training, license to practice or are creative in nature. Furthermore, professional service contracts often involve a relationship of personal trust and confidence. Examples of professional and creative services are: (a) legal counseling and representation (including general and bond counsel); (ii) medical services; (iii) engineering and architectural services; (iv) lobbying, legislative and intergovernmental relations advice and representation; and (v) public relations services. All contracts for professional services shall be awarded by resolution of the members of the Agency based upon a consideration of cost, experience, expertise, reputation, location and suitability for the needs of the Agency.

(ii) Insurance. All insurance policies shall be procured in accordance with the following procedures:

(a) Premium not exceeding \$10,000. The CEO shall use reasonable efforts to obtain verbal quotations from at least three (3) agents or insurance companies. The CEO shall document, in reasonable detail, such efforts and the result.

(b) Premium exceeding \$10,000. The CEO shall use reasonable efforts to obtain written/fax quotations from at least three (3) agents or insurance companies. The CEO shall document, in reasonable detail, such efforts and the result.

(iii) Marketing. Contracts for marketing, promotional advertising and sponsorship of charitable and civic events and similar services shall not be subject to the competitive process set forth above, provided that the members of the Agency shall determine by resolution that such contract is in furtherance of the purposes of the Agency. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the award of contracts, of up to \$150,000 each, for marketing, promotional advertising, sponsorship and similar services may be awarded by the CEO using his/her judgment, in keeping with the best interests of the Agency.

(iv) Office supplies: orders of less than \$1,000 made through the Agency's Staples accounts, or its assigned successor, are not subject to this policy.

V. Award/Documentation of Contracts

A. Basis for Award of Contracts. Contracts will be awarded to the lowest cost responsible offeror/bidder who meets the specifications for the procurement, except in circumstances that the CEO determines justify an award to other than the lowest cost responsible offeror/bidder.

B. Justification of Award to Other Than Lowest Cost Offer/Bid. In making a determination to award a contract to other than the lowest cost responsible offeror/bidder, the CEO shall consider relevant factors, including, without limitation:

(i) Delivery requirements;

(ii) Quality requirements;

(iii) Past vendor performance;

(iv) Quality;

(v) The unavailability of three (3) or more contractors/vendors who are able to quote/bid on the procurement; and

(vi) That it may be in the best interest of the Agency to consider only one (1) contractor/vendor who has previous expertise with respect to a particular procurement.

C. Documentation.

(i) A record of all solicitations for proposals or quotations, the response (if applicable), and any determinations pursuant thereto shall be maintained in the Agency's procurement file.

(ii) For each procurement, the CEO shall set forth in writing the category of procurement being made and what method of procurement is being utilized.

(iii) For procurements not subject to the competitive process, documentation should include a memo to the Agency's procurement file which details why the procurement is not subject to the competitive process and include, as applicable, a description of the facts and circumstances giving rise to the exception.

(iv) Whenever a contract is awarded to other than the lowest cost responsible offeror/bidder, the reasons therefore shall be set forth in writing and maintained in the procurement file.

(v) Whenever the specified number of quotations/bids cannot or will not be obtained, the reasons therefore shall be set forth in writing and maintained in the procurement file.

VI. Miscellaneous Provisions

A. Minority and Women-Owned Business Enterprises. The Agency shall comply with all applicable legal requirements relating to the hiring of such businesses.

B. Procurement Lobbying Law. In accordance with Chapter 1 of the 2005 Laws of New York (the "Procurement Lobbying Law"), the Agency shall implement the provisions of such Procurement Lobbying Law for any contract or other agreement for any procurement involving an estimated annualized expenditure in excess of \$15,000.

The person authorized to be the contact for the Agency with respect to all procurements covered by the Procurement Lobbying Law (i.e., the Contracting Officer unless otherwise determined by the members of the Agency) shall be as set forth in Section 139-j(2)(a) of the Public Authorities Law and the activities of such contact person shall be reviewed at least annually by the Board to ensure that said person's activities with respect to Agency's procurements are in full compliance with applicable law.

Potential offerors/bidders shall be advised by the Contracting Officer that they are not permitted to contact any other Agency personnel in contravention of Section 139-j(10) of the Public Authorities Law. Each member, officer, director, agent and employee of the Agency shall report any such unauthorized contact to the general counsel to the Agency. General counsel to the Agency shall investigate any allegations of unauthorized contact and report in writing the findings of such investigation to the members of the Agency.

C. Comments concerning this Policy shall be solicited from the members of the Agency from time to time and the Agency should review this Policy annually.

D. The CEO shall present any legal issues regarding the applicability of the provisions of this Policy to the Agency's General Counsel.

E. Subject to the foregoing limitations on the awards of contracts for goods and services, the CEO and Chief Financial Officer (the "CFO") are authorized and empowered to request proposals and/or qualifications and otherwise obtain information regarding potential Agency contracts.

F. The foregoing procedures are in addition to and not in lieu of the safeguards and procedures adopted by the Agency from time to time regarding check writing authority an the Agency's budget process.

G. In the absence or unavailability of the Agency's CEO to act as aforesaid, the CFO is authorized to award any contracts with the same authority of the CEO as aforesaid.

H. The Agency may, from time to time, adopt different procedures, or deviate from any of the above procedures, on a case-by-case basis.

I. Pursuant to Section 104-b of the GML, the unintentional failure to fully comply with the provisions of this Policy shall not be grounds to void action taken or give rise to a cause of action against the Agency or any member, officer or employee thereof.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Personnel Policy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Personnel Policy.

Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency
Personnel Policy

Employment at Will

This description of policies should not be construed as a contract of employment or a statement that these policies will not change. Continued employment of an individual shall be at the will of the Agency, subject only to the applicable laws forbidding discrimination.

Work Day

Normal work hours are 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday-Friday. Employees shall receive one break a day not to exceed fifteen (15) minutes in duration. A one-half (1/2) hour lunch will be provided to all employees of the Agency. Agency employees shall work a thirty five (35) hour workweek.

Holidays

The Agency observes the following as paid holidays. When they fall on Saturday, they will be taken on the preceding workday. When they fall on Sunday, they will be taken on the following workday.

New Year's Day
Martin Luther King Jr.'s Day
Abraham Lincoln's Birthday
George Washington's Birthday
Memorial Day
Juneteenth
Independence Day
Labor Day
Columbus Day
Election Day
Veteran's Day
Thanksgiving Day
Day After Thanksgiving
Christmas Eve
Christmas Day
New Year's Eve

If a holiday(s) falls within the vacation period of an employee, the employee will not be charged for a vacation day(s) within his/her vacation period.

Time Recording

All employees are responsible for the correct recording of time worked.

Each employee is responsible for the correct entry on his or her time sheet. Each employee will immediately record what time he or she arrived at work and when he or she left work. Failure to enter accurate work time, in and out, can lead to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

All employees shall submit their timesheets to the proper supervisor in a timely manner. After being reviewed and countersigned by the supervisor, the timesheet will be inserted into the employee's personnel folder. Timesheets found in Exhibit A (for general employees) and in Exhibit B (for the Chief Executive Officer) shall be used to record time and accruals.

The Chief Executive Officer shall submit his or her timesheet to the Chief Financial Officer in a timely manner. The Chief Financial Officer shall countersign the timesheet and submit it to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors who shall also countersign at the next available meeting of the Board of Directors.

Any employee found guilty of falsifying time recording will be subject to disciplinary action, including termination of employment and claw back of pay.

Sick Leave

Agency employees shall be granted twelve (12) days of sick leave at the beginning of the year. Employees who commence employment after the first shall receive pro-rated sick leave time for that year.

In order that absence, because of personal illness may be charged to accumulated sick leave, it must be reported by the employee, to the Chief Executive Officer, on the first working day of such absence. If the employee is absent for 7 consecutive calendar days, it will be the employee's responsibility to present prior to the next pay period, documentation from a physician of the employee's choice which certifies as to the employee's continued disability. Sick leave time may be rolled over until the employee has accrued twenty-five (25) days.

Personal Leave

Agency employees shall receive five personal leave days per year. The five days shall be made available on January 1st of each year. Employees who commence employment after the first shall receive pro-rated personal leave time for that year. Personal leave time does not roll over.

Personal leave may be used for religious observances, extreme emergency, pressing personal obligations, and inclement weather conditions. Approval for personal leave must be requested in advance from the Chief Executive Officer, whenever possible.

Vacation

Agency Employees will receive fifteen vacation days per year. Employees who commence employment after the first shall receive pro-rated vacation days for that year. Vacation time does not roll over.

Requests for vacation leave in excess of three (3) working days shall be submitted to the Chief Executive Officer at least one calendar month prior to the beginning date of the vacation. Request will be approved according to the workload of the Agency. Conflicts in scheduling of annual leave will be resolved by the Chief Executive Officer.

Dental Insurance

Provided to Agency employees cost free.

Vision Insurance

Provided to Agency employees cost free.

Health Insurance

A. Eligibility

- 1) Agency employees who have five years of service with the Agency and retire shall have his or her health insurance premiums fully paid by the Agency covering eligible dependents as defined under the insurance policy in existence at the time of retirement. All Agency employees who commence employment with the Agency on or after January 1, 2009 and have 10 years of employment with the Agency and retire shall have his or her health insurance premiums fully paid by the

Agency covering eligible dependents as defined under the insurance policy in existence at the time of retirement.

- 2) All Agency employees who commence employment with the Agency on or after January 1, 2009, shall be required to pay 25% of the premium of the plan they choose and continue to do so for a period of 10 years. At the completion of his or her 10th year, such employee's health insurance shall be fully paid by the Agency
- 3) All employees who were in continuous employment with the Agency prior to January 1, 2004, shall be provided health insurance, free of cost, from his or her date of hire with the Agency.

B. In addition, an employee who is absent from work due to an extended illness shall have his/her health insurance paid for by the Agency up to one year. Such coverage may be extended upon approval of the Agency's Board of Directors.

C. All Agency employees employed and enrolled in an Agency health plan for at least one year are eligible for a health insurance buy-back as follows:

- 1) Eligible employees will receive \$3,500 to opt out of the Agency's health insurance plans. Employees covered under another health plan who opt to continue in the Agency's health plan, thereby being covered under two health plans, shall pay 75% of the cost of the health plan they receive from the Agency.
- 2) Payment will be made annually in December, on a prorated basis, for the period the employee opted out of the plan.
- 3) Employees who have withdrawn from the plan may elect to return to the plan in accordance with the regulations of the State Health Insurance Department.

Longevity

Agency employees shall be eligible to receive longevity payments in the amounts prescribed below provided they have total service with the Agency from his or her date of hire for the following periods of time:

5 years.....	\$300.00
10 years.....	\$800.00
15 years.....	\$1,000.00

20 years.....\$2,500.00

A break in service of more than one year shall require a new period for determining the date of hire. Longevity payments shall be made in the first week of December or nearest payroll to it and each year thereafter during the same period. In addition eligibility is predicated upon an employee reaching his or her anniversary date in the year that they reach his or her fifth, tenth, fifteenth and twentieth year of service.

Child Care Leave/Ordinary Leave of Absence

The Agency's CEO shall grant agency employees up to one year of childcare or ordinary leave of absence without pay upon approval of the Chief Executive Officer and adoption by the Board of Directors. Prior to an Agency employee being granted such leave, they must first use all accruals held in his or her accounts. That is vacation and personal leave must first be used prior to ordinary leave being taken and vacation, sick and personal leave must first be used prior to childcare leave being taken.

Funeral Leave

Agency employees shall be entitled to funeral leave with pay, not to exceed five workdays to arrange for and attend the funeral, or sit Shiva, of a member of his or her immediate family. Upon demonstration of need, an Agency employee may be granted four additional funeral days. The same number of days shall be granted to an Agency employee if he or she is the only living relative of the deceased.

Disability Plan

Agency employees will be provided with a long and short term disability plan which shall cover them for illness incurred that are not job related. There will be two types of coverage defined as follows

Short Term Disability: The interim period of time not covered by long term disability when the employees required accruals expire and for such time the employee would not otherwise derive income. The Agency will provide the same benefits (up to ninety (90) days) as the long term coverage for this interim period through its plan.

Long Term Disability: The coverage which the plan provides after an employee has been absent due to illness for a period of ninety (90) days from the time the employee's required accruals expire.

An employee becomes eligible to receive disability only after such employee utilizes all accruals in his or her account or fifteen (15) days of accrued leave, whichever is less.

Tuition Reimbursement

All Agency employees with at least six months of service shall be eligible for tuition reimbursement for a job-related course. Eligible employees shall submit their request for tuition reimbursement, prior to matriculation, to the CEO.

Tuition for job-related course shall be reimbursed to the eligible employee as follows:

- 1) One Hundred Percent (100%) for a grade of A
- 2) Eighty Percent (80%) for a grade of B
- 3) Sixty Percent (60%) for a grade of C
- 4) Fifty Percent (50%) for a grade of D
- 5) If a course is pass or fail, the employee shall receive reimbursement for seventy five percent (75%) upon passing or zero percent (0%) if the employee fails.

Attendance at Conventions

The CEO of the Agency has the power to approve attendance at conventions and conferences that further promote the mission of the Agency. Written authorization from the CEO shall be sufficient to authorize payment for expenses allowable under law upon presentation of proper claims to the Chief Financial Officer.

Mileage Reimbursement

The Agency shall provide mileage to Agency employee at the rate set by the Internal Revenue Service. Employees shall receive reimbursement under the following conditions:

- 1) Mileage will be granted from the Agency office to the work assignment location(s) the employee is traveling to and return mileage to the Agency Office
- 2) If an Agency employee is starting from their residence and directly traveling to the first work assignment on Agency business, mileage will be awarded from the residence. This is also the case in reverse at the end of workday.

- 3) In addition to a mileage allowance, the Agency will pay any tolls and parking of the employee while on official Agency business.

Gifts

No Agency employee shall accept gifts exceeding seventy five dollars (\$75) in value in a calendar year. No Agency employee shall accept any gifts from a bidder or proposer on an Agency Contract.

Any Agency employee, who receives a gift in excess of the limitations in this section, must either return the gift or donate it to a charity within thirty (30) days after receipt. Agency employees should keep a log of all gifts received and the value, source, and disposition of gifts.

Confidential Information

Agency employees shall maintain the confidentiality of any confidential information relating to contracts, procurement, litigation strategy, personnel files, employee medical information, or other proprietary information to which they have access through their employment with the Agency. Such confidentiality shall be maintained during and after such employment with the Agency. Agency employees shall not use confidential information for any purpose other than in the performance of their job for the benefit of the Agency. Confidential information shall only be disclosed to authorized persons.

Use of Agency Assets

Agency employees shall not use any Agency assets for personal gain or any other purpose other than Agency business. Agency assets include, but are not limited to, time, facilities, equipment, stationary, records, mailing lists, supplies, prestige or influence.

Agency telephones, computers, e-mail and Internet access are provided for the purpose of conducting Agency business. Subject to the restrictions in this section and if permitted by the Chief Executive Officer, some occasional and limited personal use is allowed so long as it does not interfere with the performance of the employee's Agency duties and does not result in additional expense to the Agency. However, Agency telephones, computers, e-mail and Internet access shall not be used for chain emails, religious or political advocacy, excessive personal communication, personal financial gain, to seek outside employment, for any purpose that would reasonably be

viewed as abusive, harassing, hostile or intimidating to Agency clients or employees, to access entertainment or sexually explicit sites, or for any use otherwise prohibited by law. The Agency reserves the right to monitor and review all records of usage by Agency employees of any Agency assets. No use of Agency telephones, computers, email or Internet access, or use of any other Agency asset, shall be private to the employee, and no Agency employee shall be given any basis for an expectation of privacy in any such use.

Political Activity

Members and employees of the Agency may be engaged as private individuals in political activity. However, they must be extremely cautious to keep those activities separate from the affairs of the Agency to avoid misrepresentation or public confusion between private behavior and public actions on the part of the Agency. Members and employees are advised to express such personal opinions with prudence as they may likely be afforded special significance in terms of public influence. When speaking in public, members and employees should strive to separate a discussion of issues from an assertion favoring or opposing candidates for office. Members and employees are not authorized to employ the name or image of the Agency for campaign purposes.

No member or employee may represent the opinion of the Agency or offer public comment on an issue that may be construed to represent the opinion of the Agency without the prior knowledge and consent of the Agency. Members and employees may make comments that represent personal opinions on public issues, but they must be qualified as personal comments and not representative of the viewpoint of the Agency.

Agency funds for advertising or promotional materials shall not depict elected government officials in either print or electronic media.

Equal Employment Opportunity

The Agency provides equal employment opportunities (EEO) to all employees and applicants for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex national origin, age, disability or genetics. In addition to federal law requirements, the Agency complies with applicable state and local laws governing nondiscrimination in employment in every location in which the Agency has facilities. This policy applies to all terms and conditions of employment, including recruiting, hiring, placement,

promotion, termination, layoff, recall, transfer, leaves of absence, compensation and training.

The Agency expressly prohibits any form of workplace harassment based on race, color, religion, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, national origin, age, genetic information, disability, or veteran status. Improper interference with the ability of the Agency's employees to perform their job duties may result in discipline up to and including discharge.

Any employee or potential employee who believes the Agency has not followed this policy should immediately report such to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors.

Sexual Harassment

It is the policy of the Agency that all employees are responsible for ensuring that the workplace is free from sexual harassment. Because of the Agency's strong disapproval of offensive or inappropriate sexual behavior at work, all employees must avoid any action or conduct that could be viewed as sexual harassment.

Sexual harassment includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexually harassing nature, when: (1) submission to the harassment is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment; (2) submission to or rejection of the harassment is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting the individual; or (3) the harassment has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.

Any employee who has a complaint of sexual harassment at work by anyone, including supervisors, co-workers or visitors, should first clearly inform the harasser that his/her behavior is offensive or unwelcome and request that the behavior stop. If the behavior continues, the employee must immediately bring the matter to the attention of the Chief Executive Officer. If the Chief Executive Officer is involved in the harassing activity, the violation should be reported to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors.

If the Chief Executive Officer or the Chairperson knows of an incident of sexual harassment, they shall take appropriate remedial action immediately.

If the alleged harassment involves any types of threats of physical harm to the victim, the alleged harasser may be suspended with pay. During such suspension, an investigation will be conducted by the Agency. If the investigation supports charges of sexual harassment, disciplinary action against the alleged harasser will take place and may include termination. If the investigation reveals that the charges were brought falsely and with malicious intent, the charging party may be subject to disciplinary action, including termination.

If an employee is dissatisfied with management's response to his/her complaint, he/she may contact the NYS Department of Labor, Division of Equal Opportunity Development at (518) 457-1984.

Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

The Agency will comply with the Family and Medical Leave Act implementing Regulations as revised effective February 2013. The Agency posts the mandatory FMLA Notice and upon hire provides all new employees with notices required by the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) on Employee Rights and Responsibilities under the Family and Medical Leave Act.

The function of this policy is to provide employees with a general description of their FMLA rights. In the event of any conflict between this policy and the applicable law, employees will be afforded all rights required by law.

If you have any questions, concerns, or disputes with this policy, you must contact the Chief Executive Officer in writing.

A. General Provisions

Under this policy, The Agency will grant up to 12 weeks (or up to 26 weeks of military caregiver leave to care for a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness) during a 12-month period to eligible employees. The leave may be paid, unpaid or a combination of paid and unpaid leave, depending on the circumstances of the leave and as specified in this policy.

B. Eligibility

To qualify to take family or medical leave under this policy, the employee must meet all of the following conditions:

- 1) The employee must have worked for the Agency for 12 months or 52 weeks. The 12 months or 52 weeks need not have been consecutive. Separate periods of employment will be counted, provided that the break in service does not exceed seven years. Separate periods of employment will be counted if the break in service exceeds seven years due to National Guard or Reserve military service obligations or when there is a written agreement, including a collective bargaining agreement, stating the employer's intention to rehire the employee after the service break. For eligibility purposes, an employee will be considered to have been employed for an entire week even if the employee was on the payroll for only part of a week or if the employee is on leave during the week.
- 2) The employee must have worked at least 1,250 hours during the 12-month period immediately before the date when the leave is requested to commence. The principles established under the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) determine the number of hours worked by an employee. The FLSA does not include time spent on paid or unpaid leave as hours worked. Consequently, these hours of leave should not be counted in determining the 1,250 hours eligibility test for an employee under FMLA.

C. Type of Leave Covered

To qualify as FMLA leave under this policy, the employee must be taking leave for one of the reasons listed below:

- 1) The birth of a child and in order to care for that child.
- 2) The placement of a child for adoption or foster care and to care for the newly placed child.
- 3) To care for a **spouse, child or parent with a serious health condition (described below).
- 4) The serious health condition (described below) of the employee. An employee may take leave because of a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of the employee's position.

A serious health condition is defined as a condition that requires inpatient care at a hospital, hospice or residential medical care facility, including any period of incapacity or any subsequent treatment in connection with such inpatient care or a condition that requires continuing care by a licensed health care provider.

This policy covers illnesses of a serious and long-term nature, resulting in recurring or lengthy absences. Generally, a chronic or long-term health condition that would result in a period of three consecutive days of incapacity with the first visit to the health care provider within seven days of the onset of the incapacity and a second visit within 30 days of the incapacity would be considered a serious health condition. For chronic conditions requiring periodic health care visits for treatment, such visits must take place at least twice a year.

Employees with questions about what illnesses are covered under this FMLA policy or under the Agency's sick leave policy are encouraged to consult with the Human Resource Manager.

If an employee takes paid sick leave for a condition that progresses into a serious health condition and the employee requests unpaid leave as provided under this policy, the Agency may designate all or some portion of related leave taken as leave under this policy, to the extent that the earlier leave meets the necessary qualifications.

- 5) Qualifying exigency leave for families of members of the National Guard or Reserves or of a regular component of the Armed Forces when the covered military member is on covered active duty or called to covered active duty.

An employee whose spouse, son, daughter or parent either has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active military duty or who is already on covered active duty may take up to 12 weeks of leave for reasons related to or affected by the family member's call-up or service. The qualifying exigency must be one of the following:

- a. short-notice deployment.
- b. military events and activities, 3) child care and school activities,
- c. financial and legal arrangements, 5) counseling, 6) rest and recuperation, (7) post-deployment activities and 8) additional activities that arise out of active duty, provided that the

employer and employee agree, including agreement on timing and duration of the leave.

Eligible employees are entitled to FMLA leave to care for a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, or a member of the Armed Forces, the National Guard or Reserves who is on the temporary disability retired list, who has a serious injury or illness incurred in the line of duty on active duty for which he or she is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; or otherwise in outpatient status; or otherwise on the temporary disability retired list. Eligible employees may not take leave under this provision to care for former members of the Armed Forces, former members of the National Guard and Reserves, and members on the permanent disability retired list.

In order to care for a covered servicemember, an eligible employee must be the spouse, son, daughter, or parent, or next of kin of a covered servicemember.

- a) A "son or daughter of a covered servicemember" means the covered servicemember's biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child for whom the covered servicemember stood in loco parentis, and who is of any age.
- b) A "parent of a covered servicemember" means a covered servicemember's biological, adoptive, step or foster father or mother, or any other individual who stood in loco parentis to the covered servicemember. This term does not include parents "in law."
- c) Under the FMLA, a "spouse" means a husband or wife as defined under the law in the state where the employee resides.
- d) The "next of kin of a covered servicemember" is the nearest blood relative, other than the covered servicemember's spouse, parent, son, or daughter, in the following order of priority: blood relatives who have been granted legal custody of the servicemember by court decree or statutory provisions, brothers and sisters, grandparents, aunts and uncles, and first cousins, unless the covered servicemember has specifically designated in writing another blood relative as his or her nearest blood relative for purposes of military caregiver leave under the FMLA. When no such designation is made, and there are multiple family members with the same level of relationship to the covered servicemember, all such family members shall be considered the covered servicemember's next of kin and may take FMLA leave to

provide care to the covered servicemember, either consecutively or simultaneously. When such designation has been made, the designated individual shall be deemed to be the covered servicemember's only next of kin. For example, if a covered servicemember has three siblings and has not designated a blood relative to provide care, all three siblings would be considered the covered servicemember's next of kin. Alternatively, where a covered servicemember has a sibling(s) and designates a cousin as his or her next of kin for FMLA purposes, then only the designated cousin is eligible as the covered servicemember's next of kin. An employer is permitted to require an employee to provide confirmation of covered family relationship to the covered servicemember pursuant to § 825.122(j).

“Covered active duty” means:

- (a) “Covered active duty” for members of a regular component of the Armed Forces means duty during deployment of the member with the Armed Forces to a foreign country.
- (b) “Covered active duty” for members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces (members of the U.S. National Guard and Reserves) means duty during deployment of the member with the Armed Forces to a foreign country under a call or order to active duty in a contingency operation as defined in section 101(a)(13)(B) of title 10, United States Code. (a) in the case of a member of a regular component of the Armed Forces, duty during the deployment of the member with the Armed Forces to a foreign country; and

The leave may commence as soon as the individual receives the call-up notice. (Son or daughter for this type of FMLA leave is defined the same as for child for other types of FMLA leave except that the person does not have to be a minor.) This type of leave would be counted toward the employee's 12-week maximum of FMLA leave in a 12-month period.

- 6) Military caregiver leave (also known as covered servicemember leave) to care for an injured or ill servicemember or veteran. An employee whose son, daughter, parent or next of kin is a covered servicemember may take up to 26 weeks in a single 12-month period to take care of leave to care for that servicemember. Next of kin is defined as the closest blood relative of the injured or recovering servicemember.

The term "covered servicemember" means:

- (a) a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness; or
- (b) a veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, for a serious injury or illness and who was a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) at any time during the period of 5 years preceding the date on which the veteran undergoes that medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy.

The term "serious injury or illness means:

- (a) in the case of a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves), means an injury or illness that was incurred by the member in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces (or existed before the beginning of the member's active duty and was aggravated by service in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces) and that may render the member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank, or rating; and
- (b) in the case of a veteran who was a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) at any time during a period when the person was a covered servicemember, means a qualifying (as defined by the Secretary of Labor) injury or illness incurred by a covered servicemember in the line of duty on active duty that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank or rating.
- (c) Outpatient status, with respect to a covered servicemember, means the status of a member of the Armed Forces assigned to either a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

D. Amount of Leave

An eligible employee can take up to 12 weeks for the FMLA circumstances (1) through (5) above under this policy during any 12-month period. The Agency will measure the 12-month period as a rolling 12-month period

measured backward from the date an employee uses any leave under this policy. Each time an employee takes leave, the Agency will compute the amount of leave the employee has taken under this policy in the last 12 months and subtract it from the 12 weeks of available leave, and the balance remaining is the amount the employee is entitled to take at that time.

An eligible employee can take up to 26 weeks for the FMLA circumstance (6) above (military caregiver leave) during a single 12-month period. For this military caregiver leave, the Agency will measure the 12-month period as a rolling 12-month period measured forward. FMLA leave already taken for other FMLA circumstances will be deducted from the total of 26 weeks available.

If a husband and wife both work for the Agency and each wishes to take leave for the birth of a child, adoption or placement of a child in foster care, or to care for a parent (but not a parent "in-law") with a serious health condition, the husband and wife may only take a combined total of 12 weeks of leave. If a husband and wife both work for the Agency and each wishes to take leave to care for a covered injured or ill servicemember, the husband and wife may only take a combined total of 26 weeks of leave.

E. Employee Status and Benefits During Leave

While an employee is on leave, the Agency will continue the employee's health benefits during the leave period at the same level and under the same conditions as if the employee had continued to work.

If the employee chooses not to return to work for reasons other than a continued serious health condition of the employee or the employee's family member or a circumstance beyond the employee's control, the Agency will require the employee to reimburse the Agency the amount it paid for the employee's health insurance premium during the leave period.

Under current Agency policy, the employee pays a portion of the health care premium. While on paid leave, the employer will continue to make payroll deductions to collect the employee's share of the premium. While on unpaid leave, the employee must continue to make this payment, either in person or by mail. The Chief Financial Officer must receive the payment on the 1st day of each month. If the payment is more than 30 days late, the employee's health care coverage may be dropped for the duration of the leave. The

employer will provide 15 days' notification prior to the employee's loss of coverage.

If the employee contributes to a life insurance or disability plan, the employer will continue making payroll deductions while the employee is on paid leave. While the employee is on unpaid leave, the employee may request continuation of such benefits and pay his or her portion of the premiums, or the employer may elect to maintain such benefits during the leave and pay the employee's share of the premium payments. If the employee does not continue these payments, the employer may discontinue coverage during the leave. If the employer maintains coverage, the employer may recover the costs incurred for paying the employee's share of any premiums, whether or not the employee returns to work.

F. Employee Status After Leave

An employee who takes leave under this policy may be asked to provide a fitness for duty (FFD) clearance from the health care provider. This requirement will be included in the employer's response to the FMLA request. Generally, an employee who takes FMLA leave will be able to return to the same position or a position with equivalent status, pay, benefits and other employment terms. The position will be the same or one which is virtually identical in terms of pay, benefits and working conditions. The Agency may choose to exempt certain key employees from this requirement and not return them to the same or similar position.

G. Use of Paid and Unpaid Leave

An employee who is taking FMLA leave because of the employee's own serious health condition or the serious health condition of a family member must use all paid vacation, personal or sick leave prior to being eligible for unpaid leave. Sick leave may be run concurrently with FMLA leave if the reason for the FMLA leave is covered by the established sick leave policy. Disability leave for the birth of the child and for an employee's serious health condition, including workers' compensation leave (to the extent that it qualifies), will be designated as FMLA leave and will run concurrently with FMLA. For example, if an employer provides six weeks of pregnancy disability leave, the six weeks will be designated as FMLA leave and counted toward the employee's 12-week entitlement. The employee may then be required to substitute accrued (or earned) paid leave as appropriate

before being eligible for unpaid leave for what remains of the 12-week entitlement. An employee who is taking leave for the adoption or foster care of a child must use all paid vacation, personal or family leave prior to being eligible for unpaid leave.

An employee who is using military FMLA leave for a qualifying exigency must use all paid vacation and personal leave prior to being eligible for unpaid leave. An employee using FMLA military caregiver leave must also use all paid vacation, personal leave or sick leave (as long as the reason for the absence is covered by the Agency's sick leave policy) prior to being eligible for unpaid leave.

H. Intermittent Leave or a Reduced Work Schedule

The employee may take FMLA leave in 12 consecutive weeks, may use the leave intermittently (take a day periodically when needed over the year) or, under certain circumstances, may use the leave to reduce the workweek or workday, resulting in a reduced hour schedule. In all cases, the leave may not exceed a total of 12 workweeks (or 26 workweeks to care for an injured or ill servicemember over a 12-month period).

The Agency may temporarily transfer an employee to an available alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits if the alternative position would better accommodate the intermittent or reduced schedule, in instances of when leave for the employee or employee's family member is foreseeable and for planned medical treatment, including recovery from a serious health condition or to care for a child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care.

For the birth, adoption or foster care of a child, the Agency and the employee must mutually agree to the schedule before the employee may take the leave intermittently or work a reduced hour schedule. Leave for birth, adoption or foster care of a child must be taken within one year of the birth or placement of the child.

If the employee is taking leave for a serious health condition or because of the serious health condition of a family member, the employee should try to reach agreement with the Agency before taking intermittent leave or working a reduced hour schedule. If this is not possible, then the employee must prove that the use of the leave is medically necessary.

I. Certification for the Employee's Serious Health Condition

The Agency will require certification for the employee's serious health condition. The employee must respond to such a request within 15 days of the request or provide a reasonable explanation for the delay. Failure to provide certification may result in a denial of continuation of leave. Medical certification will be provided using the DOL Certification of Health Care Provider for Employee's Serious Health Condition.

The Agency may directly contact the employee's health care provider for verification or clarification purposes using a health care professional, an HR professional, leave administrator or management official. The Agency will not use the employee's direct supervisor for this contact. Before the Agency makes this direct contact with the health care provider, the employee will be given an opportunity to resolve any deficiencies in the medical certification. In compliance with HIPAA Medical Privacy Rules, the Agency will obtain the employee's permission for clarification of individually identifiable health information.

The Agency has the right to ask for a second opinion if it has reason to doubt the certification. The Agency will pay for the employee to get a certification from a second doctor, which the Agency will select. The Agency may deny FMLA leave to an employee who refuses to release relevant medical records to the health care provider designated to provide a second or third opinion. If necessary to resolve a conflict between the original certification and the second opinion, the Agency will require the opinion of a third doctor. The Agency and the employee will mutually select the third doctor, and the Agency will pay for the opinion. This third opinion will be considered final. The employee will be provisionally entitled to leave and benefits under the FMLA pending the second and/or third opinion.

J. Certification for the Family Member's Serious Health Condition

The Agency will require certification for the family member's serious health condition. The employee must respond to such a request within 15 days of the request or provide a reasonable explanation for the delay. Failure to provide certification may result in a denial of continuation of leave. Medical certification will be provided using the DOL Certification of Health Care Provider for Family Member's Serious Health Condition.

The Agency may directly contact the employee's family member's health care provider for verification or clarification purposes using a health care professional, an HR professional, leave administrator or management official. The Agency will not use the employee's direct supervisor for this contact. Before the Agency makes this direct contact with the health care provider, the employee will be given an opportunity to resolve any deficiencies in the medical certification. In compliance with HIPAA Medical Privacy Rules, the Agency will obtain the employee's family member's permission for clarification of individually identifiable health information.

The Agency has the right to ask for a second opinion if it has reason to doubt the certification. The Agency will pay for the employee's family member to get a certification from a second doctor, which the Agency will select. The Agency may deny FMLA leave to an employee whose family member refuses to release relevant medical records to the health care provider designated to provide a second or third opinion. If necessary to resolve a conflict between the original certification and the second opinion, the Agency will require the opinion of a third doctor. The Agency and the employee will mutually select the third doctor, and the Agency will pay for the opinion. This third opinion will be considered final. The employee will be provisionally entitled to leave and benefits under the FMLA pending the second and/or third opinion.

K. Certification of Qualifying Exigency for Military Family Leave

The Agency will require certification of the qualifying exigency for military family leave. The employee must respond to such a request within 15 days of the request or provide a reasonable explanation for the delay. Failure to provide certification may result in a denial of continuation of leave. This certification will be provided using the DOL Certification of Qualifying Exigency for Military Family Leave.

L. Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember for Military Family Leave

The Agency will require certification for the serious injury or illness of the covered servicemember. The employee must respond to such a request within 15 days of the request or provide a reasonable explanation for the delay. Failure to provide certification may result in a denial of continuation

of leave. This certification will be provided using the DOL Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember .

M. Recertification

The Agency may request recertification for the serious health condition of the employee or the employee's family member no more frequently than every 30 days and only when circumstances have changed significantly, or if the employer receives information casting doubt on the reason given for the absence, or if the employee seeks an extension of his or her leave.

Otherwise, the Agency may request recertification for the serious health condition of the employee or the employee's family member every six months in connection with an FMLA absence. The Agency may provide the employee's health care provider with the employee's attendance records and ask whether need for leave is consistent with the employee's serious health condition.

N. Procedure for Requesting FMLA Leave

All employees requesting FMLA leave must provide verbal or written notice of the need for the leave to the HR manager. Within five business days after the employee has provided this notice, the HR manager will complete and provide the employee with the DOL Notice of Eligibility and Rights.

When the need for the leave is foreseeable, the employee must provide the employer with at least 30 days' notice. When an employee becomes aware of a need for FMLA leave less than 30 days in advance, the employee must provide notice of the need for the leave either the same day or the next business day. When the need for FMLA leave is not foreseeable, the employee must comply with the Agency's usual and customary notice and procedural requirements for requesting leave, absent unusual circumstances.

O. Designation of FMLA Leave

Within five business days after the employee has submitted the appropriate certification form, the HR manager will complete and provide the employee with a written response to the employee's request for FMLA leave using the DOL Designation Notice.

P. Intent to Return to Work From FMLA Leave

On a basis that does not discriminate against employees on FMLA leave, the Agency may require an employee on FMLA leave to report periodically on the employee's status and intent to return to work.

Resignation

In the event of resignation an employee of the Agency shall give three weeks notice.

Termination

The Agency reserves the right to terminate employees immediately. Upon termination, the key to the office should be turned in to the Chief Executive Officer along with a written status report on all current projects including present files and work material.

Any employee who is terminated, except those terminated due to gross malfeasance, may appeal the decision to the Board by writing a letter to the Chairperson. The Board's decision shall be final.

Amendments to Personnel Policy

The Agency's CEO shall have the power to amend this policy at anytime.

Workplace Safety & Security

The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited at the Agency

To ensure the accuracy and fairness of our testing program, all testing will be conducted according to Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) guidelines where applicable and will include a screening test; a confirmation test; the opportunity for a split sample; review by a Medical Review Officer, including the opportunity for employees who test positive to provide a legitimate medical explanation, such as a physician's prescription, for the positive result; and a documented chain of custody.

All drug-testing information will be maintained in separate confidential records.

Each employee, as a condition of employment, will be required to participate in pre-employment, periodic, post-accident and reasonable suspicion testing upon selection or request of management.

The substances that will be tested for are: Amphetamines, Cannabinoids (THC), Cocaine, Opiates, Phencyclidine (PCP), Barbiturates, Benzodiazepines, Methaqualone, Methadone and Propoxyphene.

Testing for the presence of the metabolites of drugs will be conducted by the analysis of urine, blood, hair, saliva and sweat.

Any employee who tests positive will be immediately removed from duty, suspended without pay for a period of 30 days, referred to a substance abuse professional for assessment and recommendations, required to successfully complete recommended rehabilitation including continuing care, required to pass a Return-to-Duty test and sign a Return-to-Work Agreement, subject to ongoing, unannounced, follow-up testing for a period of five years and terminated immediately if he/she tests positive a second time or violates the Return-to-Work Agreement.

An employee will be subject to the same consequences of a positive test if he/she refuses the screening or the test, adulterates or dilutes the specimen, substitutes the specimen with that from another person or sends an imposter, will not sign the required forms or refuses to cooperate in the testing process in such a way that prevents completion of the test.

The Agency may conduct criminal record checks as part of the application or licensing process. This search may include appropriate court records relating to the applicant's county of residence for evidence of felony and/or misdemeanor convictions and potentially searches of the New York criminal offender record information (CORI) database, and/or other state-by-state or national criminal databases followed by verifying county searches. Where a criminal record check is part of a general background check for employment, volunteer work, or licensing purposes, the following practices and procedures will generally be followed.

- 1) Criminal record checks will be conducted in accordance with applicable law. Applicants or employees will be notified if a criminal record check will be conducted and will be asked to complete a Disclosure and Authorization form in accordance with the Fair Credit

Reporting Act (FCRA) and/or CORI request form authorizing the Agency to conduct a criminal record search. If requested, the applicant or employee will be provided with a copy of this criminal background check policy.

- 2) Agency personnel with responsibility for reviewing CORI reports in the decision-making process will be familiar with the educational materials made available by the Department of Criminal Justice Information Services (DCJIS).
- 3) Unless otherwise provided by law, a criminal record will not automatically disqualify an applicant or employee. Rather, determinations of suitability based on criminal record checks will be made consistent with this policy and any applicable law or regulations.
- 4) If a criminal record is received, the authorized individual will closely compare the record provided with the information on the Disclosure and Authorization Form or CORI request form, and any other identifying information provided by the applicant or employee, to ensure the record relates to the applicant or employee.
- 5) If the Agency is inclined to make an adverse decision based on the results of the criminal background check, the applicant or employee will be notified immediately. The applicant or employee will be provided with a copy of the criminal record, the Agency's criminal background policy, and the FCRA Summary of Rights, and will be advised of the part(s) of the record that make the individual unsuitable for the position or license. The Agency will provide the applicant or employee with an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of the criminal record.
- 6) Applicants or employees challenging the accuracy of a criminal record shall be provided a copy of DCJIS' Information Concerning the Process in Correcting a Criminal Record. If the criminal record provided does not exactly match the identification information provided by the applicant or employee, the Agency will make a determination based on a comparison of the criminal record and documents provided by the applicant or employee. In the event that criminal record information is obtained through the CORI database,

the Agency may contact DCJIS and request a detailed search consistent with DCJIS policy.

- 7) If the Agency reasonably believes the record belongs to the applicant or employee and is accurate, then the Agency will determine the applicant or employee's suitability for the position or license at issue. Unless otherwise provided by law, factors considered in determining suitability may include, but not be limited to the following:
 - a) Relevance of the crime to the position sought;
 - b) The nature of the work to be performed;
 - c) Time since the conviction;
 - d) Age of the candidate at the time of the offense;
 - e) Seriousness and specific circumstances of the offense;
 - f) The number of offenses;
 - g) Whether the applicant has pending charges;
 - h) Any relevant evidence of rehabilitation or lack thereof;
 - i) Any other relevant information, including information submitted by the candidate or requested by the hiring authority
- 1) The Agency will notify the applicant or employee of the decision and the basis of the decision in a timely manner.

Professional Conduct & Dress Code

It is the policy and expectation of the Agency that all employees and members will conduct themselves in a professional manner in all of their interactions with clients, members of the public, Town employees, and each other. The employee is expected to promote excellence, integrity and altruism in all of his or her activities; to assure that all persons are treated with respect, dignity and courtesy; and to promote constructive communication and collaborative teamwork.

The Agency permits a business casual dress code, except during specified and announced periods by the Chief Executive Officer. Employees who must leave work to change clothes for business reasons will use personal time or vacation time to do so. When meeting clients, business dress guidelines must be observed, unless the client has specifically requested otherwise.

Attendance & Work Schedule

The Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") establishes an alternative work schedule (an "AWS") program that allows employees to elect, by written request, into either the use of flexible schedules or compressed schedules. In both cases the employee is expected to work 70 hours during the biweekly pay period (basic work requirement).

I. In the case of flexible schedules set:

- (1) designated hours and days during which an employee on such a schedule must be present for work; and
- (2) designated hours during which an employee on such a schedule may elect the time of such employee's arrival at and departure from work, solely for such purpose or, if and to the extent permitted, for the purpose of accumulating 50 to reduce the length of the workweek or another workday.

II. In the case of compressed schedules allow for programs which use a 4-day workweek or other compressed schedule.

III. An election by an Agency employee into an AWS shall be subject to limitations generally prescribed to ensure that the duties and requirements of the employee's position are fulfilled.

If the Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") of the Agency determines that any duties of an employee within the Agency who is participating in the program is being substantially disrupted in carrying out his/her functions or is incurring additional costs because of such participation, the CEO may—

- (1) restrict the employees' choice of arrival and departure time,
- (2) restrict the use of credit hours, or
- (3) exclude from such program any employee or group of employees.

IV. Special Procedures for Time Accounting

- 1. The Agency shall establish a time accounting method that provides the CEO with affirmative or personal knowledge of each employee's entitlement to pay by showing the number of hours of duty, attendance, and the nature and length of absences.

2. When the CEO cannot approve from personal knowledge the entitlement to pay for an employee on an alternative work schedule, the following shall ensure adequate controls
 - a. Sign-in/sign-out sheets. Each employee is required to enter his or her name, time of arrival and departure, and other exceptions to the normal workday.
 - b. Work output assessment. The CEO shall determine the reasonableness of the work output for the time spent.

V. Credit Hours

Those hours within an alternative work schedule that an employee elects to work in excess of his or her basic work requirement so as to vary the length of a workweek or workday.

Credit hours can be applied to a future basic work requirement to meet the 70 hour bi-weekly requirement. Credit hours do not have to be officially ordered or approved in advance by the CEO. Accumulated credit hours are to be recorded on the employee's time sheet

An employee may not be paid overtime, weekend, holiday, night, or other premium pay for credit hours. Credit hours may not be used in lieu of sick time, vacation time, or personal days, and vice versa.

The maximum number of yearly-accumulated credit hours will be capped at 35 hours. When an employee is no longer employed by the Agency, the employee will not be paid for accumulated credit hours. The accumulated credit hours will not be used in determining any benefit from the New York State Employee Retirement System.

VI. Telework

Employees with the express consent of the CEO shall be allowed to telework. In a written request employees shall list scheduled work times as well as the locations from which they will telework. The CEO has the authority to call or visit such locations during the employee's scheduled work time. The Agency shall not incur any cost for such telework.

If the CEO assigns an employee telework

- 1) In the case of special situations

- 2) To improve Continuity of Operations to help ensure that essential Agency functions continue during emergency situations;
- 3) To promote management effectiveness to target reductions in management costs and environmental impact and transit costs

The employee is responsible to account for his/her time as required in section IV and excess hours can be used as described in Section V.

VII. Miscellaneous

In the case of an Agency closure or dismissal the employee will be credited with the intended hours to be worked that day. AWS may necessitate changes in payroll procedures; the Chief Financial Officer (the "CFO") will address such changes as they may occur. Any questions regarding the AWS policy should be addressed to the CFO. The CEO may amend the AWS policy at anytime. A determination in regard to this policy must be submitted to the CEO in writing. The CEO's decision may be appealed to the Board.

Disabled Employees

The Agency is committed to complying with all provisions of the laws applicable to disabled employees. It is the Agency's policy to be non-discriminatory with any qualified employee with regard to any term, condition, or privilege of employment because of such individual's disability so long as the employee can perform the essential functions of the job with or without reasonable accommodation. Consistent with the policy of non-discrimination, the Agency will provide reasonable accommodation to a qualified individual with a disability, as defined by law, provided that such accommodation does not constitute an undue hardship on the Agency.

Residency Requirement

There shall be no residency requirements set by the Agency as a condition of employment. Employees are encouraged to maintain a commitment of involvement with the community in which they work and with the government that employs them.

Personnel Records

Personnel files shall be maintained in the offices of the Agency for each employee. These records are considered highly confidential. Each current

employee has a right to review his or her record in the presence of the Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Executive Officer and Board Members shall also have access to these records, when authorized by the Chief Financial Officer. Current employees have a right to attach a written statement disputing documents placed in their personnel file.

Dual Employment

An Agency employee may not engage in outside employment, including self employment, which conflicts with his or her duties or responsibilities of the Agency or which otherwise adversely, affects his or her job performance. All Agency employees are prohibited from any pecuniary relationship with any clients of the Agency or any bidders or contract awardees of the Agency. All employees presently engaged in planning to engage in such outside employment must inform the Chief Executive Officer in writing. The Agency reserves the right in its sole discretion to determine whether dual employment is in violation of this policy.

Expenses

All requests for reimbursements for expenses incurred while on Agency business must be submitted to the Chief Financial Officer. All receipts for incurred expenses must be submitted with a single form stating the total. The Chief Financial Officer must approve all forms, for the exception of the expenses incurred by the Chief Executive Officer whose form must be countersigned by the Chairperson of the Board. Employees must submit expenses no later than two months following their incurring that expense to receive reimbursement.

Employees are not to utilize their personal funds to make significant purchases for the Agency without the approval of the CEO. In the case of minor purchase (under \$1,000), the employee, may with the approval of the Chief Executive, utilize their personal funds and receive reimbursement for same. Such situations include but are not limited to: 1)meals 2)parking 3)professional certification. Reimbursements for such expenses must submitted in the same manner as described above.

Retirement Benefits

The Agency and all employees are members of the New York State and Local Retirement System (NYSLRS). Enrollment in the program is compulsory for full-time employees. Each individual employee's retirement benefit is based on factors such as tier, retirement plan, service credit, final

average salary (FAS) and age at retirement as set by NYSLRS. The Agency shall meet all its retirement obligations.

In addition to NYSLRS the Agency and its employees are eligible for the New York State Deferred Compensation Plan (NYSDCP) a voluntary 457(b) retirement savings plan. Contributions and benefits are set by NYSDCP.

New York State Worker's Compensation

Agency employees are covered under New York State Worker's Compensation Insurance. Should an employee sustain a work-related injury, he or she must immediately notify the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer.

Jury Duty

The Agency will grant leave for permanent employees called for jury duty and will pay the employee his or her regular salary less any compensation received for the jury service. The maximum amount of leave to be granted for jury duty shall be five (5) days. If additional time is needed the Agency's Board of Directors must approve.

Unemployment Insurance

The Agency provides unemployment insurance coverage for its employees.

Salary Deductions

The Agency shall make the following automatic salary deductions as required by state and federal law:

- 1) Federal Income Tax
- 2) New York State Income Tax
- 3) FICA/Medicaid

The Agency shall make the employer contribution as required by state and federal law.

Voluntary deductions will be made with the employee's written consent. Court ordered garnishments will be made automatically.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Policy regarding Public Comments.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Policy regarding Public Comments.

TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

POLICY REGARDING PUBLIC COMMENTS AT TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY MEETINGS

The Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency ("Agency") encourages public input and participation. Toward this end, the Agency has developed a set of rules that will allow for the efficient, effective and orderly receipt of public comments during its regularly scheduled meetings of the Board. The following rules will apply to any individual except Board members, Agency staff, applicants and applicant representatives, that desire to provide comments to the Agency at such meetings of the Board of the Agency:

- At the beginning of each regular meeting of the Agency, up to the first fifteen (15) minutes of the meeting will be set aside for the receipt of public comment.
- Those wishing to speak will be required to enter their name and relevant contact information on a card or sign-in sheet provided by the Agency.
- Each speaker will be limited to one three (3) minute period.
- Speakers may not question the members of the Agency or any Applicant; however, the members of the Agency may question speakers for the purpose of clarification.
- Upon a motion and majority vote of the members, the public comment period may be suspended and/or extended or the rules waived.
- The Agency will accept written comments at the meeting or within twenty four (24) hours prior to such meeting.
- The Agency will enter all written comments received within the time specified herein as part of the meeting record and will make reasonable efforts to document verbal comments.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Real Property Acquisition Policy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Real Property Acquisition Policy.

SCHEDULE A

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

AQUISITON OF REAL PROPERTY POLICY

I. Introduction

The following policy sets forth for the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") its operative policy and instruction regarding its acquisition of real property. This policy is not intended to be applicable to the Agency's acquisition of real property in conjunction with a straight-lease or bond financing transaction as defined under the New York State General Municipal Law.

II. Acquisitions

Real property may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Agency for purposes of use, resale, lease, or otherwise as long as such acquisition and accompanying purpose shall be in furtherance of this Agency's purposes as set forth under Article 18-A of the New York State General Municipal Law, as may be amended from time to time, and the Agency's mission, policies, and goals. The Contracting Officer for all property acquisition shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Agency or his designee.

III. Approvals

The Contracting Officer shall first make a determination that a particular real property acquisition is in furtherance of the Agency's purposes or is otherwise important and necessary to the Agency. The Contracting Officer shall approve the initial terms and conditions of the real property acquisition, which terms and conditions shall be expressly subject to the approval of the Members of the Agency and, if necessary, a satisfactory real property appraisal as set forth below. The Contracting Officer shall put forth the proposed real property acquisition, and the terms and conditions thereof to the Members of the Agency for their consideration and approval. All acquisition of real property must be approved by the Members.

IV. Appraisals

For all real property acquisition with a purchase price of \$100,000.00 or more, following the approval of the Members of the Agency to such real property acquisition as described herein, the Agency shall obtain an appraisal of the real property to be acquired from a real estate appraiser duly licensed in the State of New York and with experience appraising the particular type of real property being acquired by the Agency. In the event the purchase price for the real property exceeds the appraised value by more than 20% the Agency must either:

- a.) Not acquire the real property; or,
- b.) Renegotiate the purchase price to an amount within 20% of the appraised value and acquire the real property; or,
- c.) At the subsequent Member meeting make a determination that, notwithstanding the appraised value, the Agency will proceed with the real property acquisition at the stated price as such acquisition is vitally important to the Agency's purpose and is otherwise important and necessary.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Code of Ethics.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Code of Ethics.

SCHEDULE A

TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

CODE OF ETHICS FOR THE TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Statement of Purpose:

The Code of Ethics (the "Code") is a public statement by the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") that sets clear expectations and principles to guide practice and inspire professional excellence. The Agency believes a commonly held set of principles can assist in the individual exercise of professional judgment. This Code speaks to the core values of public accountability and transparency. The purpose of having a code of ethics and practices is to protect the credibility of the Agency by ensuring high standards of honesty, integrity, and conduct of staff. To that end, this Code of Ethics attempts to accomplish this by articulating the ethical standards observed by the Agency in pursuing and implementing economic development initiatives, and setting rules and policies that prevent conflicts of interest.

Rule with respect to conflicts of interest:

No officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency should have any interest, financial or otherwise, direct or indirect, or engage in any business or transaction or professional activity or incur any obligation of any nature, which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his or her duties in the public interest.

Standards:

- a. No officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency should accept other employment which will impair his or her independence of judgment in the exercise of his or her official duties.
- b. No officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency should accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity which will require him or her to disclose confidential information

which he or she has gained by reason of his or her official position or authority.

- c. No officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency should disclose confidential information acquired by him or her in the course of his or her official duties nor use such information to further his or her personal interests.
- d. No officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency should use or attempt to use his or her official position to secure unwarranted privileges or exemptions for himself, herself or others.
- e. No officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency should engage in any transaction as representative or agent of the Agency with any business entity in which he or she has a direct or indirect financial interest that might reasonably tend to conflict with the proper discharge of his or her official duties.
- f. An officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency should not by his or her conduct give reasonable basis for the impression that any person can improperly influence him or her, unduly enjoy his or her favor in the performance of his or her official duties, or that he or she is affected by the kinship, rank, position or influence of any party or person.
- g. An officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency should abstain from making personal investments in enterprises which he or she has reason to believe may be directly involved in decisions to be made by him or her, or which will otherwise create substantial conflict between his or her duty in the public interest and his or her private interest. Nothing contained within this Policy however, shall prohibit an officer, member of the board, or employee of the Agency from obtaining interests in mutual funds which may include within its investment portfolio, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the Agency; provided however, that the Agency's bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness may not make up more than ten percent (10%) of the mutual fund's total portfolio and the officer, Member of the Board, or employee of the Agency may not exercise any discretion with respect to the investments made by the mutual fund company.
- h. An officer or employee of the Agency should endeavor to pursue a course of conduct which will not raise suspicion among the public that he or she is likely to be engaged in acts that are in violation of his or her trust.

- i. No officer or employee of the Agency employed on a full-time basis, nor any firm or association of which such an officer or employee is a member, nor any corporation a substantial portion of the stock of which is owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such officer, member of the board or employee, should sell goods or services to any person, firm, corporation or association which receive financial assistance from the Agency.
- j. If an officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency shall have a financial interest, direct or indirect, having a value of ten thousand dollars or more in any activity which is the subject of an Agency Project (as such term is defined in Article 18-A of the General Municipal Law, he or she must file with Agency a written statement that he or she has such a financial interest in such activity which statement shall be open to public inspection.
- k. No officer, Member of the Board or employee of the Agency shall accept or arrange for any loan or extension of credit from the Agency or any affiliate of the Agency.

Violations:

In addition to any penalty contained in any other provision of law any such officer, member of the board or employee who shall knowingly and intentionally violate any of the provisions of this Code of Ethics may be fined, suspended or removed from office or employment in the manner provided by law.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Whistleblower Protection Policy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Whistleblower Protection Policy.

TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Whistle-Blower Protection/Code of Conduct Policy

In keeping with the policy of maintaining the highest standards of conduct and ethics the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") will investigate any suspected Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct by an employee, board member or agent of the Agency. The Agency is committed to maintaining the highest standards of conduct and ethical behavior and promotes a working environment that values respect, fairness and integrity. All employees, board members and agents shall act with honesty, integrity and openness in all their dealings as representatives for the organization. Failure to follow these standards will result in disciplinary action including possible termination of employment, dismissal from one's board or agent duties and possible civil or criminal prosecution if warranted.

Employees, board members, consultants and agents are encouraged to report suspected acts of Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct by an employee, board member or agent of the Agency, (i.e. to act as "Whistle-Blower"), pursuant to the procedures set forth below.

Reporting

A person's concerns about suspected acts of Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct by an employee, board member or agent of the Agency should be reported to the Chief Executive Officer of the Agency. If for any reason a person finds it difficult to report his or her concerns to the Chief Executive Officer, the person may report the concerns directly to any board member. Alternately, to facilitate reporting of suspected violations where the reporter wishes to remain anonymous, a written statement may be submitted to any one of the individuals listed above.

Definitions

Baseless Allegations: Allegations made with reckless disregard for their truth or falsity. People making such allegations may be subject to disciplinary action by the Agency, and/or legal claims by individuals accused of such conduct.

Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct: The act of wrongdoing, misconduct, malfeasance or other inappropriate behavior by an employee, board member or agent of the Agency, including a deliberate act or failure to act with the intention of obtaining an unauthorized benefit. Examples of such conduct include, but are not limited to:

- forgery or alteration of documents;
- unauthorized alteration or manipulation of computer files;
- fraudulent financial reporting;
- pursuit of a benefit or advantage in violation of the Agency's Conflict of Interest Policy;
- misappropriation or misuse of the Agency's resources, such as funds, supplies, or other assets;
- authorizing or receiving compensation for goods not received or services not performed;
- authorizing or receiving compensation for hours not worked; and
- the violation of any Law, Rule or Regulation.

Law, Rule or Regulation: Any duly enacted statute, or ordinance or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to any federal, state or local statute or ordinance.

Public Body: includes the following:

- The United States Congress, any state legislature, or any popularly-elected local governmental body, or any member or employee thereof;
- Any federal, state, or local judiciary, or any member or employee thereof, or any grant or petit jury; and
- Any federal, state, or local law enforcement agency, prosecutorial office, or police or peace office.

Retaliatory Personnel Action: The discharge, suspension or demotion of an employee, or other adverse employment action taken against the employee in the terms and conditions of employment, including but not limited to, threats of physical harm, loss of job, punitive work assignments, or impact on salary or fees.

Whistle-Blower: An employee, consultant or agent who informs the Chief Executive Officer, any board member, or Public Body pursuant to the provisions of this policy about an activity relating to the Agency which that person believes to be Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct.

Rights and Responsibilities

Supervisors

The Chief Executive Officer is required to report suspected Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct to the Chair of the Board.

Reasonable care should be taken in dealing with suspected Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct to avoid:

- baseless Allegations;
- premature notice to persons suspected of Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct and/or disclosure of suspected Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct to others not involved with the investigation; and
- violations of a person's rights under law.

Due to the important yet sensitive nature of the suspected Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct, effective professional follow-up is critical. The Chief Executive Officer, while appropriately concerned about "getting to the bottom" of such issues, should not in any circumstances perform any investigative or other follow up steps on his or her own. Accordingly, when the Chief Executive Officer becomes aware of suspected Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct he or she:

- should not contact the person suspected of Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct to further investigate the matter or demand restitution;
- should not discuss the case with attorneys, the media or anyone other than the members of the Board; and
- should not report the case to an authorized law enforcement officer without first discussing the case with the members of the Board.

Investigation

All relevant matters, including suspected but unproved allegations of Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct, will be reviewed and analyzed, with documentation of the receipt, retention, investigation and treatment of the complaint. Appropriate corrective action will be taken, if necessary, and findings will be communicated back to the reporting person, if appropriate. Investigations may warrant investigation by an independent person such as auditors and/or attorneys.

Whistle-Blower Protection

The Agency will protect Whistle-Blowers pursuant to the guidelines set forth below.

- The Agency will use its best efforts to protect Whistle-Blowers against all Retaliatory Personnel Actions. Whistle-Blowing complaints will be handled with sensitivity, discretion and confidentiality to the extent allowed by the circumstances and the law. Generally, this means that Whistle-Blower complaints will only be shared with those who have a need to know so that the Agency can conduct an effective investigation, determine what action to take based on the results of any such investigation, and in appropriate case, with law enforcement personnel. (Should disciplinary or legal action be taken against a person or persons as a result of a Whistle-Blower complaint, such persons may also have right to know the identity of the Whistle-Blower.);
- Employees, board members, consultants and agents of the Agency may not engage in any Retaliatory Personnel Action against a Whistle-Blower for (i) disclosing or threatening to disclose to the Chief Executive Officer or a board member, as applicable, any activity which that person believes to be Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct; or (ii) objecting to or refusing to participate in any Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct. Whistle-Blowers who believe that they have been the victim of a Retaliatory Personnel Action may file a written complaint with the Chief Executive Officer or board member, as applicable. Any complaint of a Retaliatory Personnel Action will be promptly investigated and appropriate corrective measures taken if such allegations are substantiated. This protection from Retaliatory

Personnel Action is not intended to prohibit supervisors from taking action, including disciplinary action, in the usual scope of their duties and based on valid performance-related factors;

- Employees, board members, consultants and agents of the Agency may not engage in any Retaliatory Personnel Action against a Whistle-Blower for (i) disclosing, or threatening to disclose to a Public Body any activity which that person believes to be Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct, or (ii) providing information to, or testifying before, any Public Body conducting an investigation, hearing or inquiry into any such Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct. Provided, however, that Whistle-Blowers who disclose or threaten to disclose any Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct to a Public Body are not covered under this policy unless he or she first brings the allegation of Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct to the attention of the Chief Executive Officer or board member, as applicable, and has afforded the Agency a reasonable opportunity to correct and or remedy such Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct; and
- Whistle-Blowers must be cautious to avoid Baseless Allegations.

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Disaster Recovery Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Disaster Recovery Plan.

Babylon Town IDA

Disaster Recovery Plan

Last Update: 2/28/17
Updated By: Robert Dougherty

Data Backup Strategy for Babylon Town IDA

Backup Solution

Babylon Town IDA utilizes Datto Backup Solutions:

About

Datto is an innovative provider of comprehensive backup, recovery and business continuity solutions used by thousands of managed service providers worldwide. Datto's 250+ PB purpose-built cloud and family of software and hardware devices provide Total Data Protection everywhere business data lives. Whether your data is on-prem in a physical or virtual server, or in the cloud via SaaS applications, only Datto offers end-to-end recoverability and single-vendor accountability.

Datto's innovative technologies include Instant Virtualization, Screenshot Verification™, Inverse Chain Technology™, Backup Insights™, and end-to-end encryption. All Datto solutions are supported by 24/7/365 in-house technical support and selected products offer time-based cloud data retention, for predictable billing and budget management.

The Datto product line consists of the Datto SIRIS Family, Datto ALTO Family, Datto Backupify Family, Datto DNA Router, and Datto NAS.

Product

- Alto 2 1000: Alto2
 - o Local & Cloud Backup
 - o Hybrid Virtualization
 - o Up to 1TB in Storage
 - o Inverse Change Technology
 - o Screenshot Verification

Disaster Recovery Plan

Babylon Town IDA LLP follows the following disaster recovery guide of Datto.

Datto Disaster Recovery Guide

1. Scope

This article guides you through the best course of action in a Disaster Recovery scenario. These instructions apply to Datto's Business Continuity Devices -- SIRIS and ALTO.

In any Disaster Recovery Scenario, being prepared ensures a smooth process. We recommend that you read this guide thoroughly, before you ever need to follow a disaster recovery plan.

2. Background

Datto is committed to Intelligent Business Continuity. Not only do we want to get you back up and running instantly, we want to guide you in ensuring that your systems continue to perform as efficiently as possible. Let's get started.

3. Define the Problem

Before deciding on a course of action, take the time to define the problem. Do this to avoid wasting time going down the wrong path. Think about the following:

3.1. What is the cause of the downtime?

Unless the problem is obvious (such as the office burning down), determine why your machine is down. Keep these items in mind:

- If a piece of hardware failed, trouble may have been brewing for a while.
- Did the OS become corrupt through infection by viruses or malware?
- Was there a problematic software update?
- Have your recent screenshot verifications been successful? If not, when did the problems begin?
- Is the outage due to a utility or ISP? Get an update from your provider regarding the length of the outage.

The answers to these questions determine how you'll want to restore and which recovery point to use.

3.2. Is there an easy solution?

In the course of an emergency, it is easy to forget to try the simple solution first. For example:

- Is the file you are looking for in the recycle bin?
- Do you have malware or a corruption that can be easily fixed?
- Did you try a Windows repair disk?
- Keep in mind that it is quicker and easier to restore to the hardware you are already using, if possible.

3.3. File/Granular Restore vs. Full Machine Restore

In most cases, you do not need to virtualize an entire machine to recover one or more files. If you need to do a data restore, the quickest procedure is a file or application restore.

Conversely, do you need the OS volume but not the data? In the case of a large data store, it may be quicker to do a "hybrid restore" in which you spin up a VM of the OS volume and then do a file restore of the data volume. For this option, you'll need the help of Datto Technical Support.

3.4. What Datto product are you using?

The restoration options that you have depend on which Datto product you are using. This article is geared towards Datto's Intelligent Business Continuity Devices -- SIRIS and ALTO. But there is also guidance for doing file restores from Datto NAS.

4. Getting back to business

Once you've determined your recovery objective (what you are trying to restore and from when), decide on your next steps.

4.1. File Restore

You can perform a local file restore from a recovery point of a protected machine or NAS share. To do so, see the article [File Restore With SIRIS](#). If you need to restore a file from an iSCSI share, perform an iSCSI Restore.

If your Datto appliance is inaccessible or not functioning, you can perform a file restore from the Datto Cloud. See the article [Cloud File Restore From Recovery Launchpad](#).

4.2. Full Machine Restore

If you need to restore a full machine from a SIRIS or ALTO, we recommend that you virtualize a recovery point before doing a Bare Metal Restore (BMR). Then, use that recovery point to do the BMR. There are three advantages to this course of action:

Virtualizing the recovery point:

- allows you to get back to business in an instant
- proves that the recovery point can virtualize, and
- starting a VM of the recovery point may show that problems exist in the recovery point. In the latter case, it would be a waste of time to do a Bare Metal Restore of a recovery point that is going to lead to more downtime.

It's important to test your recovery point before performing a Bare Metal Restore.

Tip: If you run the Virtual Machine for business continuity and, in that process, make changes to that VM, the Datto device automatically backs up that VM as if it was a production machine (Will need to ensure the network settings match what the production server used). In that case, use these recent backup points to do a BMR, rather than restoring from the older recovery points.

4.3. Virtualization

Unless your Datto device is inaccessible, we highly recommend that you virtualize locally rather than from the Cloud.

Be prepared: Perform regular virtualization tests (local and offsite), so that when the real thing hits, you are ready for anything.

If you are in an emergency situation, and you need to virtualize from the Cloud, contact Datto Technical Support right away, as you may need intervention from our team.

The following table points you to the appropriate virtualization procedure for your SIRIS or ALTO device:

Local Cloud Hybrid
SIRIS Local VM Cloud VM Hybrid VM
vSIRIS Local VM Cloud VM Hybrid VM
ALTO / vALTO Hybrid VM

The other Datto devices, G-Series and Datto NAS, do not have the capability to virtualize. You must do a file restore to recover data from these devices.

If you want to virtualize your system with VMware, you can perform an ESX Virtualization. See the article [ESX Virtualization Configuration](#) for more information.

If you need to troubleshoot a virtual machine, refer to the Disaster Recovery category of the Datto Knowledge Base.

Do not resize any volumes of an active restore. Doing so can result in backup malfunctions and possible data loss.

4.4. USB Bare Metal Restore

With SIRIS or ALTO, you can do a Bare Metal Restore (BMR). To perform a BMR, your system must meet these requirements:

- The target machine must have 64 bit hardware. 32 bit Windows OSes are supported by the USB BMR Process as long as the target machine is built with 64 bit Hardware.
- The target machine must be able to boot off of USB. To force a USB boot, you can try using a boot loader such as PloP.
- The USB BMR is not intended to be a server imaging tool. It is meant to act as a tool to restore downed servers. This restore process is not a deployment tool.
- OSes will be restored as a single partition, so if you have a software RAIDed OS, do not use the USB BMR method. Call Datto Technical Support for this type of recovery.

Note: In order to restore other Software RAIDed partitions, restore the OS, and then configure the other partitions in Windows as a Software RAID. Once completed, file restore the necessary snapshot on the Datto and transfer over. It would be wise to contact support to copy with Windows file permissions as a regular file restore does not have the ability to do this directly. We use Robocopy to perform this task.

If you are performing a BMR from a VM on a Datto appliance, ensure that all volumes are successfully restored before you remove the active restore from the Datto appliance. For all volumes to completely restore, you must take several backups: For n number of backups, you must take n+1 backups before performing a BMR. Otherwise, you will lose data.

To perform a BMR, follow the instructions starting with this article: [USB Bare Metal Restore: Getting Started](#).

4.5. Restore to a Hypervisor

From ALTO or SIRIS, you can perform a restore of a virtual machine to Citrix XenServer, Windows Hyper-V, or VMWare.

Export Image

Use this option to export the recovery point to vSphere Hypervisor (via VMDK) or Microsoft Hyper-V (via VHD). You can export to an attached USB drive or a Network Share (CIFS/Samba or NFS)

This option is available for Windows and Linux protected machines.

For instructions to Export an Image, see the article [Restore: Export Image](#).

ESX Upload

This option uploads a restore point to a connected ESX host via VMware Converter. Use this option if you want to use the ESX host for computing power and as a datastore. Depending on the size of your datastore, this may take a while to transfer, but once it is transferred, there is no disk I/O burden on the SIRIS, nor need for adequate bandwidth between the SIRIS and the ESX host. The datastore is thick provisioned on the ESX host, which increases the speed of the virtualization.

This option is available for Windows and Linux protected machines.

4.6. Microsoft Exchange Data Restore

SIRIS machines come with licensing for Kroll Ontrack PowerControls for Exchange and SQL. This tool allows you to restore individual Exchange messages, individual Exchange mailboxes, or many Exchange mailboxes. To use this tool, refer to the article [Exchange Mailbox Restore with Kroll Ontrack](#).

4.7. Microsoft SQL Data Restore

For the procedure to do a SQL Data Restore with Kroll Ontrack PowerControls for SQL, log into the Web UI of your Datto, and go to Advanced -> Granular Restore. For step by step instructions, see the article [Granular SQL Restore With Ontrack PowerControls](#).

4.8. Active Directory Restore

Active Directory restores can be tricky. We recommend that you follow Microsoft's instructions on how to restore AD. See the Microsoft TechNet article [Restoring Active Directory from Backup Media](#).

4.9. Restoring from the Datto Cloud

If you are running a Virtual Machine in the Datto Cloud and need to bring your data back onsite for a Bare Metal Restore or a File Restore, you have two options. The one you should choose depends on the size of the restore. If your restore is small and you have the bandwidth to receive the restore in a reasonable amount of time, Datto Technical Support can transfer your data back to your Datto device. If you have a larger restore, we also offer the option of a Reverse Round Trip drive. As the name suggests, it is the opposite of seeding your data in the Cloud, as we will

reverse-seed your device back from the Cloud. See the article 2015 Reverse RoundTrip (revRT) process; physical data retrieval from cloud for more information about this option.

End of Datto Disaster Recovery Guide

Total Drive Space on Datto Device: 1TB

Total Protective Data Backed Up (Note: The calculation is based on all Servers listed below. Calculation is based at the time when this document was created):

Local: 6.3%%

Offsite: 62.67GBB

Servers\Computers Protected by Datto

- IDADC01

Retention Policy

The retention policy describes the continued storage of Datto's backup for the specific configuration. The retention policy is used for local and cloud backup.

- Local Backup and Retention Policy
 - o Perform local backups every hour starting at midnight and ending at 11pm, everyday
 - o Keep local backups on my device for 3 Months
 - o Keep all intra-daily backups for 7 days
 - o After that, keep daily backups for the next 1 week
 - o After that, keep weekly backups for the next 1 month
 - o After that, weekly backups are kept until local backups are deleted
- Cloud Backup and Retention Policy
 - o Replicate backups to the cloud every day
 - o Keep backups in the cloud for forever

Notes:

Computers\Desktop Backup

- Currently no computers running their own backup software running.
- Folder Redirection policy is setup for all users
 - o All Authenticated users on the domain are applied to the folder redirection policy
 - o All users' "My Document" folder and "Desktop" folder are redirected to the server.
 - o Redirected folders are saved on the IDADC01 server under C:\Users\FolderRedirection\UserName'
 - o Users only have permissions to their own "My Document" folder and "Desktop" folder. Administrators don't even have access to users "My Document" and "Desktop"
 - o All users Redirected folders located on the IDADC01 server in turned is backed up by the Datto backup. See Servers\Computers Protected by Datto above for IDADC01 Datto backup information and retention times.

Print Name:

Kathy Harris

Signature:

Kathy Harris

Date:

3 - 1 - 17

January 6, 2022

Babylon Industrial Development Agency

RESOLUTION: Resolution adopting the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Fee Policy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that the Town of Babylon Industrial Development IDA/IDC Board has adopted the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency's Fee Policy.

Fee Policy

Application Fee: Projects under \$5,000,000 - \$1,500
 Projects over \$5,000,000 - \$3,000

Straight Lease Transaction: 1.25% of hard costs plus 1% of savings (PILOT, estimated sales tax, mortgage recording)

Unconnected Campus: All newly acquired buildings shall be subject to a 1.25% IDA transaction fee. Existing buildings shall be charged .75% of fair market value plus 1.25% on equipment and renovations plus 1% of combined savings (PILOT, estimated sales tax, mortgage recording)

Deals involving leases and reups: A list of six (6) recent deals similar in size will be created. The average fee of that list shall be divided by the average square footage of that list. The average per square foot calculation shall be multiplied by the building's square footage reups plus 1% of savings plus 1.25% on equipment and renovations

Large developments over \$30 million:

1% first \$10 million

$\frac{3}{4}$ of 1% between 10 – 20

$\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% between 20 – 30

$\frac{1}{4}$ of 1% over 30

Plus .75% of savings

Bond Schedule

$\frac{3}{4}$ of 1% first \$15 million

$\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% between 15 – 25

$\frac{1}{4}$ of 1% between 25 – 35

1/10 of 1% over 35

Ability to negotiate: The CEO shall have the ability to negotiate the fee. The CEO may not extend greater than a 20% discount on the fee without Board consent.

Legal Fee: Applicant is responsible for all legal fees at closing, which include both local and project counsel.

Administrative Fee:

\$2,500 everything else (termination of lease, mortgage modifications)

\$5,000 – amendments to lease (sales tax extensions, PILOT schedule changes)

Plus cost of legal advertising in Newsday

CERTIFICATION FOR BOND

Upon successful conclusion and sale of the required bond issue, the applicant shall pay to the Agency an administrative fee set by the Agency not to exceed an amount equal to 1% of the total project cost financed by the bond issue, which amount is payable at closing. The Agency's Bond Counsel's fees, its general counsel's fees and the administrative fee may be considered as a cost of the project and included as party of any resultant bond issue.

CERTIFICATION (Straight Lease)

The applicant shall pay to the Agency an administrative fee set by the Agency not to exceed an amount equal to 1 % of the total project cost, which amount is payable at closing.

RESOLUTION DATED JANUARY 6, 2022

**A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN OF BABYLON INDUSTRIAL
DEVELOPMENT AGENCY REGARDING THE AGENCIES
AFFORDABLE HOUSING POLICY**

WHEREAS, the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the “Agency”) is authorized under the laws of the State of New York, and in particular under the provisions of the New York State Industrial Development Agency Act and the Agency’s enabling legislation, respectively constituting Article 18-A and Section 907-a of the General Municipal Law (Chapter 24 of the Consolidated Laws of New York), as amended (the “Act”), to provide real estate tax abetments, through the use of payments in lieu of taxes, as well as sales and use, and mortgage recording tax exemptions (collectively, “Financial Assistance”) to multi-family residential rental housing developments in accordance with its Uniform tax Exemption Policy (“UTEP”); and

WHEREAS, the CEO, in consultation with the Long Island Housing Partnership, created the Affordable Housing Policy (the “Policy”) attached hereto as Exhibit A. (the “Affordable Housing Policy”).

WHEREAS, the Board previously approved the Policy by resolution dated May 9, 2017, and the Policy is currently five years old. The Board deems it necessary to examine the Policy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Agency as follows:

Section 1. The Affordable Housing Policy is hereby temporarily suspended.

Section 2. The officers of the Agency and other appropriate officials of the Agency and its agents and employees are hereby authorized and directed to take whatever steps may be necessary to examine the Agencies Affordable Housing Policy.

Section 3. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

Affordable Housing Policy

Effective May 9, 2017

The Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") may award Financial Assistance (defined herein) to multi-family residential rental housing developments in accordance with Article 18-A and Section 907-a of the General Municipal Law (the "Act"). The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Agency seeks to incentivize affordable housing in the Town by awarding real estate tax abatements, through the use of payments in lieu of taxes (the "PILOTs"), as well as sales and use, and mortgage recording tax exemptions (collectively, "Financial Assistance") in accordance with its Uniform Tax Exemption Policy ("UTEP"). The Board is aware of the need to create truly affordable housing in the Town of Babylon (the "Town")¹ it has instructed the Chief Executive Officer of the Agency (the "CEO") to propose policies relating to the provision of enhanced Financial Assistance by the Agency which would provide assistance greater than what is permitted under the UTEP. The CEO in consultation with the Long Island Housing Partnership (the "LIHP") proposes the following:

For Projects of 5 units or more:

In order to qualify for enhanced Financial Assistance as an Affordable Housing Project, Applicants must demonstrate that a minimum of 20% of all residential rental units shall be maintained as "affordable housing" as such term is determined by the Agency. The Affordable Housing Project shall satisfy the Income Levels and Pricing Levels described below:

Income Levels - When considering a project, the following income levels shall be deemed to be affordable housing income levels:

Rental - The annual household income of prospective tenants shall not exceed the following thresholds upon application and at the time the lease is signed:

- A) One bedroom or studio unit: Sixty (60%) percent of the Area Median Income as determined by HUD ("Area Median Income") for a family of two (2).
- B) Two bedroom unit: Sixty (60%) percent of the Area Median Income for a family of four (4).
- C) Three bedroom unit: Sixty (60%) percent of the Area Median Income for a family of six (6).

¹ Marietta, Georgia-based WFN Consulting, reported that 33,587 households - almost half of all those in the Town of Babylon - are cost burdened, meaning residents spend at least 30 percent of their income on housing.

Upon recertification the maximum allowable income shall not exceed Eighty (80%) percent of the Area Median Income respective to the units defined above.

Pricing Levels - When considering a project, the following pricing calculations shall be deemed acceptable affordable housing pricing levels:

Rental - In projects where the units are for rental, the monthly rental price shall be no greater than seventy (70%) percent of the HUD Fair Market Rental value for Nassau-Suffolk County in effect at the time of the execution of the lease agreement, reduced by the monthly utility allowance in effect at the time the execution of the lease agreement.

In addition to the foregoing, the applicant shall enter into a contract with a local housing group to administer the affordability of the rental units, and to monitor the rental of all units for compliance with this policy, Town Code, and the laws of the State of New York. The applicant will be required to comply with this policy during the duration of the provision of Financial Assistance and failure to comply with such policy may result in the recapture of Financial Assistance.

BABYLON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

IDA/IDC MEETING MINUTES

December 15, 2021

Present: Tom Gaulrapp, Chairman
Justin Belkin, Vice Chairman
Paulette Laborne, Secretary
William Celona
William Bogardt
Marcus Duffin
Rosemarie Dearing
Carol Quirk (ALT.)

Absent:

Also Present: Thomas Dolan, Chief Executive Officer
Frank Dolan, Chief Operations Officer
David Batkiewicz, Special Projects Manager
Joseph Ninomiya, Special Projects Manager
William Wexler, Agency Counsel
Kevin Bonner, TOB Communications Director

A quorum being present, the meeting was called to order at 8:13 A.M.

Motion was made by Paulette Laborne and seconded by Justin Belkin to accept the minutes from the IDA/IDC Board Meeting of November 17, 2021. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by Marcus Duffin and seconded by William Celona to accept the amended minutes from the IDA/IDC Board Meeting of October 20, 2021. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by William Bogardt and seconded by Justin Belkin to accept the minutes from the Public Hearing held on December 14, 2021 for West Babylon Gardens. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by William Celona and seconded by Paulette Laborne to accept the minutes from the Public Hearing held on December 15, 2021 for P & L Development of New York Corporation. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by Rosemarie Dearing and seconded by Justin Belkin in favor of a resolution granting approval of and authorizing the grant of certain financial assistance by the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency to West Babylon Gardens LLC in connection with the acquisition, construction and equipping of a commercial residential rental facility. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by Marcus Duffin and seconded by Paulette Laborne in favor of a resolution of the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency approving the acquisition, renovation and equipping of a certain facility for P & L Development, LLC and PL Developments Copiague, LLC, approving the form, substance and execution of related documents and determining other matters in connection therewith. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by Rosemarie Dearing and seconded by Paulette Laborne in favor of a resolution of the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency authorizing the chief executive officer to hold a public hearing regarding a proposed project to be undertaken for the benefit of Manhattan Laminates LLC and 45 N Industry Court Partners, LLC. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by Justin Belkin and seconded by Rosemarie Dearing in favor of a resolution authorizing the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency to execute a mortgage agreement between the Agency, 7 Islands Holding, LLC and Cathay Bank, A California Banking Corporation in an amount not to exceed \$3,730,000.00. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by Marcus Duffin and seconded by William Celona in favor of a resolution authorizing the Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency to execute a mortgage agreement between the Agency, Joe Holding, Inc. and the First National Bank of Long Island in an amount not to exceed \$600,000.00. All in favor, motion carries.

Motion was made by Paulette Laborne and seconded by Rosemarie Dearing in favor of a resolution permitting the termination of lease and authorizing the Chief Executive Officer to deliver a Quitclaim Deed conveying the premises located at 148 Allen Boulevard, Farmingdale, New York 11735 (SCTM#0100-097.00-01.00-017.000) to 148 Allen Blvd., LLC. All in favor, motion carries.

CEO Report

Mr. Dolan asked the Board to vote on the Agencies Board schedule for 2022.

Motion was made by William Celona and seconded by Paulette Laborne to approve the 2022 IDA Board Meeting schedule. All in favor, motion carries.

Mr. Dolan thanked the Board for their leadership. Mr. Dolan stated that the Agency had a tough year in 2020, but the Agency seems to have rebounded in 2021. Mr. Dolan stated that the Agency expects to have twelve projects closed by year end, with more projects to come at the start of 2022. Mr. Dolan wished the Board a happy holiday, and a happy new year.

Old Business

No old business.

New Business

No new business.

Motion was made by William Bogardt and seconded by Paulette Laborne to adjourn the meeting. All in favor, motion carries.